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Jordan committed to Arab efforts in Lebanon — King

By a Jordan Times Staff Writer

AMMAN - Jordan remains committed to resolutions adopted by the Casablanca Arab summit and supports efforts of a tripartite committee appointed by the summit to end the Lebanese conflict, His Majesty King Hussein said Saturday.

The King, speaking at a meeting with Syrian Foreign Minister Faroug Sharaa, underlined the need to heal the bloody conflict in Lebanon since it is an Arab country and whatever takes place there affects the security and future of the Arab Natioo," the Jordan News Agency, Petra, re-

The agency said Sharaa conveyed a verbal message from Syrian President Hafez Al Assad to the King and explained to His Majesty Syria's position on the situation in Lebanon. Sharaa, who arrived here earlier in the day on a two-day visit, also conveyed to the King greetings and appreciation from the Syrian president and wished him further success and prosperity for the Jordanian people.

The agency did not give any details of Assad's message but Sharaa said earlier that it dealt

"primarily with Lebanon." Petra said the audience was attended by Prime Minister Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker and Deputy Prime Minister Marwan Al

Qasem as well as an official de-

legation accompanying Sharaa. Sharaa's visit to Jordan came amid signs that the Soviet Union was trying its hand to defuse the tension there and stabilise a ceasefire between Syrian-backed Lebanese militias and forces loyal to army commander Michel Aoun, who is vying for power with a Syrian-supported civilian government led by Salim Al

The Soviet moves came after the tripartite Arab committee said earlier this month that its efforts to end the 14-year-old Saudi Arabia's King Fahd Ibn he said.

Abdul Aziz and Algerian President Chadli Benjedid, is reportedly resisting international pressure to revive its efforts.

Prime Minister Sharif Zaid, in an earlier meeting with Sharaa Saturday, reviewed the situation in Lebanon, Petra said. The two sides reaffirmed their

support for collective Arab action to end the Lebanese crisis which constitutes a weak point in pan-Arab security," Petra said.

"It is prerogative of Arab countries to find solutions for their own problems through coordination of positions in a manner that would safeguard higher national interests," Petra quoted the two sides as agreeing.

Sharif Zaid and Sharaa also discussed Jordanian-Syrian relations and moves to develop cooperation in all spheres. Qasem attended the meeting. .

Sharaa told reporters after the meeting at the Prime Ministry that the talks "focused on the situation in Lebanon and we had an extensive and broad exchange of views on that matter."

Assad's message to the King, which he conveyed later Saturday, Lebanese conflict had reached a dealt with "bilateral relations, "dead end." The panel, compris- regional developments and priing Morocco's King Hassan II, marily the situation in Lebanon,



His Majesty King Hussein Saturday meets with Syrian Foreign Minister Faronq Al Sharaa (Petra

Phone charges to go up from Sept. 1

AMMAN (Petra) - Charges for international telephone calls will go up by nearly 40 per cent as of Sept. 1 as a result of the devaluation of the Jordanian dinar against the U.S. dollar, an official statement issued by the Telecommunications Corporation (TCC) said Saturday.

The statement said the current rates were set in 1986 when the U.S. dollar was sold at the rate of 346 file and the increase was warranted by the rise in the rate of exchange of the dollar, which rose to 579.4 fils in August 1989. It said that the whole issue was debated by the

TCC board in detail before a decision was made to calculate charges in accordance with the following

- 500 fils per minute for daytime call and 350 fils for nighttime calls made to Syria, Iraq, the United-Arab Emirates, Bahrain, Saudi Arabia, Oman,

Qatar, Kuwait and Egypt.

— 750 fils a minute during the day and 525 fils during the night for calls to North Yemen,

Tunisia, Algeria. Djibouti, Sudan, Somalia, Libya, Morocco, Mauritania, South Yemen and

— JD 1.2 per minute during the day and 840 fils during the night for calls to Spain, Italy, Ireland, Britain, Belgium, Bulgaria, Portugal, Poland, Turkey, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Romania, Sweden, Switzerland, France, Finland, Luxembourg, Malta, West Germany, East Germany, Norway, Austria, Hungary, and Holland. — JD 1.65 per minute during the day and JD 1.55 at night for calls to Yugoslavia, Albania, and

 JD 2 per minute during the day and JD 1.4 during the night for calls to the Soviet Union. nd, the United States and Canada. - JD 2.5 per minute during the day and JD 1.75

during the night for the rest of the world. The statement said that calls will be considered night calls when made between 10 p.m. and 8 a.m.

Soviet envoy seeking to stabilise ceasefire - Hoss BEIRUT (Agencies) - The an end to all sieges and political "They are qualified to succeed

Soviet Union, playing a new role reforms. as Lebanon peacemaker, is seeking to stabilise a shaky ceasefire and revive Arab League mediation, Salim Al Hoss, head of the civilian government in West Beirut, said Saturday.

"The Soviet Union is not trying to monopolise the solution as many others who have sponsored abortive initiatives in the past," Hoss told Reuters in his apartment in west Beirut.

"The Soviet endeavour is aimed at achieving a limited goal which is to enable the Arab League committee to resume its work and therefore clear the road for an Arab solution," Hoss said.

Soviet envoy Genadi Tarasov, a personal representative of Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze, was back in Damascus Saturday after talks with both sides in Beirut.

Diplomats in Damascus and pobtical sources in Lebanon say Moscow thinks the best way to consolidate a ceasefire would be to stop arms supplies to both

Syria and its Lebanese allies have been besieging east Beirut and the Christian beartland north of it for five months to prevent weapons reaching army commander Michel Aoun. Massive bom-

bardments have killed 760 people Hoss said Moscow supported Arab summit calls for a ceasefire, in its new Lebanese undertaking.

Moscow was trying to "remove the obstacles that the Arab committee faced to allow it to resume its activity," Hoss said.
The Arab League committee

 Morocco, Algeria and Saudi Arabia — declared in July that its mediation efforts had reached a A police spokesman said the clashes had "diminished notice-

ably" since the Soviet Union started a bid to secure a stable ceasefire. The spokesman said four hours

of pre-dawn shelling subsided into intermittent exchanges of machine-gun fire and mortar rounds across the city's dividing green line after 7 a.m. (0400 He said two people were killed

and nine were wounded in the artillery duel, which also targeted ports north of the city and gun emplacements in west Beirut.

The spokesman said "the intensity of the clashes has diminished noticeably" since Tarasov arrived Wednesday.

The Soviet Union stepped up its diplomatic activity in the Middle East this year, sending Shevardnadze on an extensive tour of regional capitals and reaching a trade and arms deal with Iran. A political source said the Soviet Union was "very serious"

where others failed because of their good relations with the three regional powers struggling in Lebanon - Iraq, Syria and

Iran." the source said. Tarasov is the first high-ranking envoy the Kremlin has sent to Lebanon during 14 years of war. He was in Beirut Thursday and

Friday, meeting Aoun and Maro-nite Patriarch Nasrallah Sfeir on the Christian side and Hoss on the Muslim side.

"We strongly believe there is no military solution, only political ones. We think it's high time to give peace a chance," he told

Before going to Lebanon he met Syrian Foreign Minister Farouq Al Sharaa in Damascus. A Syrian official said they agreed on "the necessity of forming a committee to monitor the

ceasefire, lift the blockades and prevent the entry of arms supplies to the Lebanese parties."

The semi-official Syrian newspaper Al Thawra said Saturday

that peacemakers were wasting their time unless their proposals included reforming Lebanon's Christian-dominated pre-civil was political system and forcing Israel to withdraw from the border territory it controls in the south. A source close to Aoun, speak-

ing to the AP on condition of anonymity, said the general told Tarasov of his "full readiness to cooperate with the Soviet effort'

King expresses confidence in RJ

Bush, Mitterrand discuss Lebanon

KENNEBUNKPORT, Maine (R) - President George Bush discussed the crisis in Lebanon with French President Francois Mitterrand by telephone Saturday, the White House amounced. The spiritual leader of Lebanese pro-Iranian militants has said a French naval force off Lebanon will be attacked R it intervenes in the fighting and the fives of some American hostages, have been threatened. "President Bush discussed his general

concern about the general situation in Lebanon," the White House said in a statement issued in Maine, where Bush is spending a three-week holiday.

"The two presidents commented on the U.N. ceasefire in Lebanon and agreed to keep the U.N. spotlight on the problem," the White House said. Sheikh Mohammad Hussein Fadhallah has accused France, which has

agreed to keep the U.N. spottight on the problem," the White House said. Shelich Mohammad Hussein Fadhallah has accused France, which has assembled a fleet of five ships in the Eastern Mediterranean, of taking sides in the Lebanese conflict. France, however, insists the ships are there to provide aid and remain nearby in the event some 7,000 French citizens have to be evacuated. Bush has said he is satisfied the presence of French ships is a justified precastion, even though it has prompted threats against the lives of some American hostages.

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein Saturday expressed confidence in Royal Jordanian (RJ) officials and employees and said that be looks forward to further progress and development in performance and in drawing up policies which ensure further progress.

During a meeting he chaired Saturday of the RJ board of directors in the presence of Prime Minister Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker, the King said he looks forward to modernising the RJ fleet, expanding training, and attracting technically qualified people so as to attain a high standard.

The King voiced support for the new RJ administration and wished the employees continued success and progress The King earlier met at the Prime Ministry with Sharif Zaid.

Visits Special Forces unit

Also Saturday, King Hussein, the Supreme Commander of the Jordanian Armed Forces, Saturday visited the Command of the Special Forces and listened to a briefing on its training exercises

and activities. The King expressed pleasure for meeting with the conscripts and stressed that the Armed Forces "bas the honour to continuously be ready to perform the national duty in all the Arab Homeland and to shoulder the responsibilines for the generations

to come so as to continue the process of construction."

During the visit, the King attended the graduation of one of the Special Forces' units which included His Royal Highness Prince Ali Ibn Al Hussein and Prince Faisal Ibn Ra'd.

Commercial banks awash with dollars

AMMAN (R) - The Central Mohammad Said Al Nabulsi, in Bank of Jordan (CBJ), which says its foreign currency reserves now exceed \$500 million, intervened again Saturday to push up the dinar. The Ceotral Bank announced

Friday that it would sell dollars to banks at 700 fils to be resold at no more than 705. Previously Ceotral Bank dollars had been available at 730 fils to be sold to the public at no more than 735.

Dealers said banks were awash with dollars because many Jordanians had moved back into dinars over the past two weeks.

"We don't need the Ceotral Bank's help as our rates are even better than their latest offer," one said.

675/705 fils to the dollar, up from black market, where the dinar Thursday's 690/730. The dinar was trading at 685/695 fils to the 69U/30. has 1,000 fils.

Jordanians studying abroad and close the gap between the official remittances of foreign agriculture and bank rates for the dinar, workers at 600.4/606.4 fils, the same as Thursday.

Central Bank Governor November.

remarks published by Al Ra'i oewspaper Saturday, said he expected the dinar to stabilise between 600 and 700 fils to the dollar before the end of this year.

He said the foreign exchange reserves stood at more than \$500 million, compared with \$20 million in May,

The increase, mainly due to fresh injections of Arab aid, has enabled the Central Bank to flex its muscles in the market to stabilise the dioar and encourage Jordanians working abroad to sent their dollars home through the banking system.

Nabulsi told Al Ra'i that recent monetary and financial moves Banks were trading the dinar at had eliminated 80 per cent of the

dollar Saturday. The Ceotral Bank fixed the official rate, used for key imports intervention by the Central Bank of food and medicine, fees of over the past three weeks to try to

Officials say the dual exchange rate system will be phased out by

Israelis raid W. Bank villages

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) — Israeli troops Saturday raided several Arab villages in the occupied West Bank and battled Palestinian youths who built makeshift barricades on a central Gaza City street and hurled stones from rooftops, Palestinian reports said.

A former military governor of the West Bank, meanwhile, warned that the situation in the occupied lands could deteriorate and that the Palestinians may employ more violent means unless there is a progress in the stalled peace process.

A young Palestinian man died in hospital Saturday after being shot by Israeli soldiers during a clash in the occupied Gaza Strip. Palestinians said.

Ali Mohammad Sha'abam. 23. was shot by troops combatting stone-throwers in Jabaliya refugee camp Friday. His death raised the toll in the

21-month-long Palestinian uprising to at least 612 Palestinians.
Hospital officials said troops also shot and wounded two Palestinians during clasbes in Gaza after four people were in-jured in scattered overnight pro-

In Nablus in the West Bank, residents said they heard gunshots and smelt teargas from a prison where Palestinians are held.

A Palestinian-owned sbop in Arab Jerusalem was burned down, apparently because the owner was suspected of collaborating with the Israeli occupation authorities, Israel Radio said. Arab journalists said soldiers raided at least three villages in

the Ramallah area to arrest suspected uprising activists. The army also clamped a cur-

few on the village of Idna near the West Bank town of Hebron after villagers there burned several bouses owned by an alleged pro-Israeli collaborator and his relatives, reports said. Palestinian journalists reported

from Gaza City the clash on the Omar Al Mukhtar street lasted for at least one hour. They said Arab youths blocked the street with stone barricades and burning tyres and threw stones at soldiers from rooftops.

Israel's former West Bank governor, reserve General Ephraim Sneh, who spoke on Israel radio, said the army was "continuing the search for a magic solution, but the problem is that there is no such solution apart from the polirical one.

In the absence of any movement in the political process, Sneh warned, "negative processes in the field would strengthen and the radical voices among the Palestinians outside would also

Egyptian condemnation

Egypt Saturday condemned Israeli expulsion orders against four Palestinians and said such measures did not belp peace efforts in the Middle East.

Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Boutros Ghali summoned Israeli Ambassador Shimon Shamir to deliver the protest and demand a prompt end to expulsions, Egyptian Fnreign Ministry sources said in Cairo. The continued oppressive

practices by Israeli authorities against the Palestinian people and expulsion of Palestinian leaders from the West Bank and Gaza are crimes," Ghali told reporters.

A Colombian army officer walks out of a bathroom lined with Italian marble at the confiscated home of Bogota reports major advance in battle against drug cartels

BOGOTA (Agencies) - Army officials say they arrested the son of a reputed cocaine baron in a shootout and recovered piles of secret financial documents about the operations of Colombia's most powerful drug cartel.

40 3 de 50

Military officials also confirmed that they had arrested a man alleged to be reputed cocaine kingpin Gonzalo Rodri-guez Gacha's chief accountant. Lais Fernando Galeano Berriors. The army disclosed the arrests

and discovery of the documents after hundreds of Colombian judges demanded more protection from drug cartel assassins. The country's powerful cocaine harons threatened Friday to kill

ned States. The United States, meanwhile. announced it was sending \$65 million worth of helicopters, weapons and other equipment to help Colombia in its anti-drug

cartels and bired assessins trying

on Colombia must know that the

Colombian people have taken up the challenge. They must know

we will not retreat before any

10 judges for every drug trafficking suspect extradited to the Un-

And Colombian President Vigilio Barco declared he was willing to go as far as is necessary" to wipe out the illegal drug to destabilise democratic institutions and create panic."
Those who have declared war terrorist organisations, mostly the

danger," Barco said in an unscheduled speech, broadcast nationwide on television and radio. In Colombia, army officials dis-

closed they had confiscated secret financial documents from Rodriguez Gacha's estate, called "Chi-The estate was seized Thursday by the military as part of the government's week-old campaign

against drug traffickers. The crackdown was launched after presidential candidate Luis Carlos Galan was assassinated a week ago. Authorities seized the estate after a gunbattle with Rodriguez Gacha's son and two nephews, and seven of his bodyguards, the

army officers told reporters of the

Bogota daily newspaper El Tiempo who visited the site Friday. The officers said the reputed drug Baron's son, Freddy Rodriguez Gacha, was among those arrested after the gunbartle at the

The Israeli reserve officer reportedly involved in the affair denied the reports Friday and suid he served as an instructor for a group of cattle breeders fighting leftist guerrillas. "I trained a group of farmers who defended themselves against

group called M-19, a guerrilla group with the goal of turning Colombia into Cuba or Nicaragua," Yair Klein said on the

national television. A senior Defence Ministry offi-

cial said Friday Klein was likely to be questioned about his activities in Colombia. Klein returned to Israel Friday from the United States, the television said. The daily Yediot Ahronot said

police are considering detaining Klein for questioning on the basis of information received from Interpol and foreign police agen-A police spokesman refused to

confirm or deny the report.

The United States has been in contact with Israel over reports that Israeli nationals are training Colombian drug cartel hit squads and is satisfied that Israel is committed to prosecuting such mercenaries, the State Department said

"Our embassy in Tel Aviv has been in touch with the Israeli government about these reports," State Department spokesman Richard Boucher said. One of the trainers shown on the NBC news report was beard speaking Hebrew and Israeli

defence and security consulting firm.
"We're happy that (the Israeli
government) has made these commitments to investigate fully and try to prosecute anybody they can," Boucher said.

media identified one of the men

on the tape as an Israeli army

reserve: colonel who heads a

35 killed in Sri Lankan village

COLOMBO (R) - Gunnen killed about 35 people in a remote village in north-central Sri Lanka Friday night in the latest flareup of violence on the island, residents said. They said women and children were among

those killed in the attack at Punchikulame in the Annradhapura district, 180 kilometres northeast Residents, speaking by telephone from Amuradhapura town, could not give details. Military

sources confirmed there were killings in the village, but said they had no other information. The attack brought to 55 the number of political numbers on the island during the 24 hours up to Saturday morning. Military sources said hodies of two people killed earlier were found during the period.

Security sources blame the left-wing People's Beration Front (JVP) for most of the killings. Opposition critics say unidentified terror squads backed by the security forces are responsible for

The front, made of mostly of youths from the

majority Sinhalese community, is waging a violent campaign to overthrow the government of President Ranasinghe Premadasa.

A government statement said Saturday three

policemen and two civilians were killed when a rebel landmine blasted their jeep in the northcentral Kurnnegala district. Three other policemen were killed and two injured when rebels fired at their jeep at the

entrance to a game reserve at Wilpattu Friday in the north-central province, the statement said. The front has called a five-day general strike from Monday and has people to stay indoors.

The front is protesting against the presence of the 43,000 Indian troops who have been stationed in the north of the island under a 1987 Indo-Sri Lankan agreement to end a Tamil separatist revolt.

Premadasa has called for the troops to return home, and Colombo and New Delhi have been negotiating a timetable for the withdrawal. Military sources said a battation of between 600 and 800 Indian soldiers were to leave Saturday.

John 150

'Israelis hard-line in short-term, but dovish in long-term'

ACCORDING to a Jaffee Centre study to be officially released next week, Israelis are becoming more dovish on long-term policy issues such as territories for peace, but more hawkish on matters of immediate policy.

The report — entitled Public Opinion in Israel and the latifada: Changes in Security Attitudes 1987-88 — also concludes that the intifada has made Israelis more "realistic" about the options available to them, with the result that fewer people said they would encourage the Arabs to leave the

According to Tel Aviv University political scientist Asher Arian, co-author of the study which derived from an ongoing

opinion and national security -the results are especially accurate because of its "unusual methodology:" the same sample of 416 people was asked the same questions on two occasions a year apart (December 1987 and December 1988). "We were in the field the very

first day of the intifada," Arian says. "Because of the uniqueness of the timing, we decided to make an effort to return to the

This largely eliminates the normal considerations of sampling error, and renders significant even minute changes in opinions, he said.

The report found a hardening of attitudes on issues that had Jaffee Centre study on public short-term implications. Support

More Kurdish refugees return to Iraq

DIYARBAKIR, Turkey (R) - More than 330 Kurdish refugees have left a hot and dusty tent city in southeast Turkey to return to Iraq, officials said Friday. The departure over the Habur crossing took the total number of Iraqi Kurds to leave the camp near Mardin in the past week to over 630, the officials said. Kurdish sources said those going were mainly non-political villagers who had tolo Turkish officials they wanted to return to take advantage of an Iraqi amnesty.

30%0FF AND DUTY FREE

SAVE UP TO 30 % ON OVER 400 SELECTED BRAND NAME ITEMS INCLUDING

> CARTIER **CHRISTIAN DIOR** LANGEL WAN CLEEF AND ARPELS ARMANI **MARK CROSS** KODAK SONY NATIONAL ETC.



GREAT DUTY FREE SHOPPING IN QUEEN ALIA INT. AIRPORT

for negotiations with the PLO, which Arian defines as a shortterm issue, dropped from 37 per cent in 1987 to 32 per cent in 1988. Opposition to an international peace conference rose from 37 per cent to 45 per cent.

In 1987, 27 per cent chose increased military strength rather than negotiations, as the best means to prevent another war with the Arab states; in 1988, this figure rose to 38 per cent. The percentage of those who favour security interests over the rule of law rose dramatically, from 28 per cent to 48 per cent.

But in the areas of policy which Arian views as having more longterm importance, Israelis appeared to be adopting more dovish views. The percentage favouring territorial compromise rose from 44 per cent in 1987 to 48 per cent a year later. Those who would agree to the establishment of a Palestinian state in the territories increased from 20 per cent to 25 per cent.

Arian also claims that Israelis have become more "realistic" as a result of the intifada. Evidence of this, he says, is the decrease in the proportion who expressed "definite" support for "encouraging the Arabs to leave:" this figure dropped from 35 per cent

to 27 per cent. The political impact of the in-lada, however, benefited the iknd. Arian and co-anthor Rafael Ventura devised a fivepoint policy scale measuring political attitudes and measuring the shifts to the right or left. This scale showed shifts towards the right ("hawkishness") in virtually every category into which the sample was broken down.

The Labour voters in 1988 were among the only groups that experienced a moderation of views. "This shows you the impossibility of Labour's position," says Arian. "The party's voters were a group that ran totally counter to the dominant trends in society."

Interestingly, another group that did not shift to the right was composed of respondents who reported having served in the territories in the intervening year - whose attitudes remained unchanged. "If you look at the shift in the population, they actually can be seen as having become more moderate in a relative sense," Arian notes. "So it's certainly incorrect to say that service in the territories makes you more hard-line.'

Especially significant, says Arian, is the finding that the most radical hawkish shift occurred among respondents who said they believed Israel still faced a very high degree of external threat.

These people, he says, will require quite considerable "confidence-building" measures before they support any policy that is perceived as "conciliatory."

Between 1987 and 1988, the proportion of those defining themselves as hawks increased from 33.3 per cent to 41.4 per cent. Doves decreased slightly, from 32.5 per cent to 31.3 per cent. The middle decreased from 34.2 to 27.2.

The decline of the middle in this kind of sample is very significant," Arian says. "But you see the ability of the political system 10 allow polarization and at the same time use a sort of centripetal mechanism to stabilise, and that's the national unity govern-

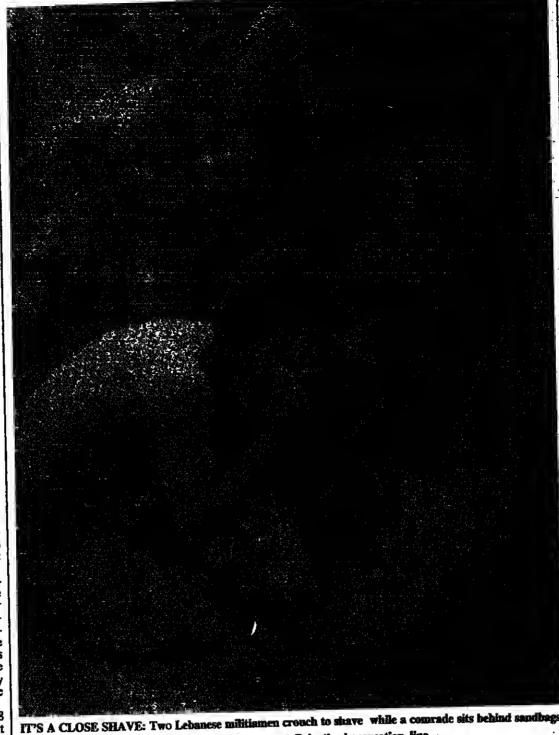
The unity government's policies, says Arian, are "something these data indicate the public wants, understand and will sup-

Arian is willing to speculate that the process of moderation on long-term issues will continue. "It's persistent and quite consis-tent, not a major shift in the wind, but a creeping process which is significant."

— The Jerusalem Post

Dr. Ali Al Samhan

ZARQA:



with automatic rifle covering them Sunday on west Beirut's demarcation line.

French drive on Lebanon has mixed results

By Nicholas Kotch

PARIS - France's risky attempt to end the fighting in Beirut has so far failed to intimidate Syria into submission or produce a convincing display of solidarity from the United States and its European allies.

The precise objectives of a French navy fleet despatched to Lebanon in haste remain hazy and the international campaign to revive Arab Leag tion has made no perceptible progress.

But French officials pointed Friday to two achievements since President François Mitterrand launched his "save Lebanon" initiatives Aug. 12.

Artillery bombardments in Beirut have lessened and the Soviet Union has overcome its reluctance to take a direct part in the search for a ceasefire and a peaceful settlement.

French and foreign analysts were puzzled by the future role of the naval task-force, whose mission was described by Mitterrand last Wednesday as solely humanitarian.

Syria, Iran, Algeria and Muslim leaders in Lebanon have all decried what they consider oldstyle gunboat diplomacy to give succour to army commander Michel Aoun.

"We would rather prefet France to cancel this operation and fold this page," Salim Hoss, acting prime minister of one of the two rival Lebanese cabinets and considered a moderate by French officials, said Friday.

On Wednesday Mitterrand replied to a naked threat from one of the shadowy groups

holding Western hostages when he said no outsider could dictate French policy.

But 24 hours later the French fleet in the Eastern Mediterranean was scaled down from eight vessels to five.

'Syria's friends were bound to take that as a signal that the French were giving in," one senior European Community (EC) diplomat commented.

Britain has been the coolest of France's allies in the 12nation EC about the sending of the task-force, diplomats said. Although France has declared that it enjoys the unanimous hacking of its partners, no formal statement to that effect has been made.

"If there were a joint statement it would not go as far as France would like because of the reluctance of the British. They have always been sceptical about French policy in Lebanon," one European envoy commented.

According to French official sources the limit of the fleet's potential role would he to evacuate French nationals from Beirut if the fighting deterio-

But Pierre Darcourt, defence specialist for the daily Le Figaro, wrote Friday that the task-force, led by the aircraft carrier Foch, was not strong enough to silence hostile fire

during a full evacuation.

Such a mission would in any case involve breaking the Syrian blockade of Aoun-controlled ports, pitching France into a direct military confrontation with Damascus.

Despite the presence in the Mediterranean of the powerful U.S. Sixth Fleet Washington

has at no time suggested it was backing the French naval force. Expressions of support from senior U.S. officials have struck

French observers as mealymonthed and designed not to jeopardise the lives of American hostages in Lebanon.
The influential daily Le

Monde, which is well-informed. about Mitterrand's thinking, said Friday the French initiatives had forced Syrian President Hafez Al Assad to back

But the porary, until the heat is off, some analysts in Paris fear.

"The trouble is that Syria is confident it has the upper hand in Lebanon in the long term, a one Western diplomat said. Le Monde, echoing the views

of French officials, observed that France had managed to "internationalise" the vicious conflict thanks to its high-pro-

It pushed for and obtained a U.N. Security Council declaration calling for a ceasefire. After lobbying by Paris Pope John Paul openly hlamed Syria for the crisis and the Soviet Union joined peace initiatives by sending senior envoy Genadi Tarasov to Lebanon and Syria.

The 12-nation EC agreed, at France's request, to send a delegation to Beirnt to assess the prospects of sending and distributing humanitarian aid.

But the key goal - to browbeat the Arab League into tackling the Lebanese imbroglio appears as distant as ever. The ague's mediation committee of Algeria, Morocco and Saudi Arabia abandoned its efforts July 31 and is resisting international pressure to try again.

Israelis turn to disguise, deception

By Paul Taylor

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM -Israeli forces are increasingly using cloak-and-dagger tactics against activists of the Palestinian uprising in the occu-pied West Bank and Gaza Surp. A series of killings of Palestinian activists by troops posing as tourists or Arabs has highlighted the murky battle in the shadows,

and the dangers it poses for genuine tourists and journalists. Soldiers in civilian clothes fir-ing from two Gaza-licenced cars Wednesday night gunned down a masked youth confiscating-Israeli-issued identity cards from Palestinian workers in Gaza City, witnesses said. Another activist

was seriously wounded. All workers entering Israel are required to have the magnetic cards. Uprising leaders called on Gazans to boycott work in Israel and turn in the cards to local popular committees."

Last Saturday troops posing as tourists with back-packs, guide-books and cameras, shot dead a youth stoning a uniformed army patrol in Bethlehem. Dozens of

bystanders witnessed the attack. The incident drew angry protests from Mayor Elias Frei, fearful for the West Bank town's

already sagging tourist trade.

Two days later, a Reuter photographer was body searched and threatened by Palestinian youths who suspected he was a soldier in disguise.

The human rights organisation Amnesty International has urged Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir to investigate an incident last month in which plainclothes men shot dead a wanted activist in the main street of Ramallah in

broad daylight. Military spokesmen have confirmed in each case that security forces, obeying standard firing orders, killed the Palestinians.

Asked to confirm the troops were in disguise, army spokes-woman Ofra Prens said. "We will not reveal how we behave operationally."

Since early in the 20-month-old sprising, Palestimans have reported troops posing as Araba or ournalists. The use of commandecred Arab-licence cards for undercover operations has be-

In an effort to target the "strike forces" who enforce the directives of the uprising's under-ground leadership, Israel eased its gon-use rules in June, enabling troops to shoot on sight any marked Palestinian in the Gaza.

Security sources and Palestinians say more than 30 masked activists have been shot and wounded by plainciothesmen in Gaza since then.

The sources said such methods have increased during the bitter struggle over the Gaza ID cards, with youths who collect the plastic cards or prevent workers going to Israel as the main targets.

MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF

PLO seeking WTO membership

PARIS (R) - The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) which is campaigning for international recognition, will seek to become a member of the world body running tourism next week, diplomatic and other sources said Friday. The World Tourism Organisation (WTO), which has 107 member states including Israel, has a six-day meeting starting in Paris Monday. At least 50 tourism ministers are due to attend. A French official organising the meeting said: "We expect they (PLO) will formally make the application Monday. At this stage it is difficult to predict the

Abu Nidal group to kill 15 "spies"

BEIRUT (R) — A Palestinian group said Friday it would kill 15 "spies" in retaliation for the killing of a semior member in southern Lebanon Wednesday. In a statement published in Beirut newspapers, the Palestinian Fatch Revolutionary Council (FRC) said: "We will carry out the death sentence against 15 spies belonging to a number of organs linked to such crimes (assassinations). The FRC, headed by the shadowy figure Sabri Al Banna, code-named Abu Nidal, holds several Lebanese and Palestinian prisoners, some of whom it accuses of spying. The group did not identify the 15 but vowed to punish those who shot dead Rabali Abdul Rahim at the entrance of the Palestinian refugee camp 'Ain Al Hilwen Wodnes-

Somall diplomat in Sweden defects

STOCKHOLM (R) - Somalia's charge d'affaires in Sweden is seeking political asylum in a Western country, the Foreign Ministry said Friday. A spokesman said Sweden had been informed by "certain sources" that the charge, Abdullahi Jama Elmi, had flown to Canada but had no independent confirmation of this. "We know he has left his post and left Sweden," the spokesman said. The Somali embassy said Elmi's whereabouts were unknown. The defection reduces Somalia's official representation in Sweden to a single diplomat with the rank of third secretary. A second secretary at the embassy applied for political asylum in Sweden earlier this

French politicians cancel Chad visit

PARIS (R) — A French parliamentary delegation abruptly cancelled an official visit to Chad Friday citing what it called the sudden deterioration in relations between the two countries. The decision was announced by Jean-Pierre Boucheron, chairman of the National Assembly's defence committee, who was to have gone to N'djamena with six other members of parliament. "The sudden deterioration of Franco-Chadian relations does not create the conditions for a constructive dialogue," Boucheron said in a statement. He did not elaborate and neither the foreign nor defence ministries in Paris was willing to comment. But the cancellation came 48 hours after Chad publicly criticised the commander of France's 1,700-strong military contingent in its former colony. A government communique accused Colonel Hugues Poncet Wednesday of al wing French pilots to perform risky manoeuvres above the C dian capital, endangering the

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

41101111
St. Mary of Nazareth Church Swettleh,
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Tel. 810740
Assemblies of God Church, Tel.
637785
St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590.
St. Joseph Charter Tel. 02-370.
Church of the Annunciation Tcl.
637440.
The la Suffe Church Tcl. 661757
Terrasenta Church Tcl: 622366
Terrassus Cumen for design Tel
Church of the Annuaciation Tel.
Anglican Church Tel. 625383, Tel.
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Armenius Catholic Church Tel.
771331.
Armenian Orthodox Church Tel.
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St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751.
St. Emilian Church Tel
Amman International Church Tel.
68S326
Evangelical Lutheran Church Tel:
811295.
The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-
The Courts of Jeans Con pr or paint.
Day Saints Tel. 815817, 821264
WEATHER
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Meteorology.

PRAYER TIMES

Fajt (Sunrise) Duña

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JORDAN TELEVISION

Relative hot weather conditions will atinue in prevail and winds will be northwesterly moderate to light. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly moder-

Highway Police Traffic Police ... USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS Hotel Complaints Price Complaints Water and Sewerage **NIGHT DUTY** Amman Municipality AMMAN: Dr. Khalil Abdo Dr. Said Abu Hatab . 795392 Complaints...... Telephone Information . 638642 . 826660 Dr. Jamil Maraga Central Amman Telephone 661912 First pharmacy Ferdows pharmacy Al Asema pharmacy Nairoukh pharmacy Abdali Telephone Repairs . Jordan Television Al Salam obarmacy 636730 Radio Jordan . Jordan Electricity Authority

Dr. Ali Al Samhan (—) Al Sharsa' pharmacy (985238) AMMAN: **EMERGENCIES**

AMMAN:
Hustein Medical Centre 813813/32
Khalidi Maternity, J. Ann ... 644281/6
Akileh Maternity, J. Ann 642441/2
Jabal Amman Maternity 647362

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QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RI) information department at the Oueen Alia International HOSPITALS

Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be verified. ARRIVALS

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1) 664171/4 ... 669131 ... 845845 Alsu Dhabi, Dubai (RJ) 666127/3 ALAbil Abdali ... Doha, Bahrain (RJ Italian, Al-Muhajreen . Al-Bachir, J. Ashrafich Jeddah, Aqaba (RI Kuwait, Baghdad (RI Апшу, Ма 891611/15 Oneen Alia Hospital Jeddah, Aqaba (add.) (RJ)
Los Angeles, Chicago, Vinana
(RJ) .. 674155 ZAROA: Zarqa Govt. Hospital Zarqa National Hospital ... Ibn Sina Hospital Cairo (RJ) .Paris (RJ ... Madrid, Geneva (RI) Brosseis, Frankfurt (RI) IRBID: Princess Basma Hospital ... Greek Catholic Hospital Ibn Al Nafees Hospital (02)275555 London (RJ) Ankara (RJ) Princess Haya Hospital (03)314111

FOR THE TRAVELLER Other Flights (Terminal 2) 05:26

Debai (AZ) ... Muscat, Sharjeh, Doha (GF) Behrain (add.) (GF) Kuwas (LN) 14:45 17:25 Frankfort (LH

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal (1) 12:45 13:00 ns. Now York RI

21:15 Abu Dhabi, Dubai (RJ 21:30 21:45 Other Flights (Terminal (2) 15:45 15:45 16:60 19:40 19:45 20:25 22:10 Abu Dhabi (add.) (R. . Tripoli (LN . Jeddah (S)

Kniwaiz (add.) (K)

MARKET PR	ICES
Upperflower price in	fils per kg.
Apole (polden)	550 / 500
Apple (red)	620 / 550
Benene	400 / 350 ·
Benzas (Muksumar)	320 / 250
Corrot	250 / 200
Cabbage	140 / 100
Canliflower	270 / 200
Cora	200 / 160
Cucumbers (large)	300 / 230 -
Economic (minute)	170 / 109
Eggptant	300 / 240
Z Fig (blue)	- 1200 / 900
Gartic	1100/900
Grapes (red)	320 / 220
Guerra (red)	420 / 350
Lemon (yellow)	300 / 250
Letison (green)	250 / 200
. ' SATURDAL BENENDATION OF STATE OF ST	
Marrow (large)	250 / 200 508 / 400
City (summ)	450 380
Marrow (small) Okta Onica (dry)	200 / 160
Omon (dry)	1200 / 1000
Pepper (hot)	170 / 140
Popper (not)	1997 / 199
Radish	80 / 50
Sweet Melon	: . 380 / 80 ·
X Super	350 / 300
Tomstoes	160 / 120 300 / 100
Water Melon	3007 100

Athens (OA)



INDUSTRIAL FAIR: His Royal High-ness Crown Prince Hassan Saturday visited the First Jordanian Industrial Fair, which concluded Saturday, and inspected its various displays. Prince Hassan expressed pride in the role the industrial sector plays in serving and building the national economy. "The most important impress-ion one gets," the Crown Prince said, "is the

determination of the private sector to do the impossible at this difficult stage so as to prove that the Jordanian industries have a future in our Arab region and the world in the 1990s." Prince Hassan called for implementing His Majesty King Hussein's call for the establishment of national

JVA completes all geological tests at Al Wahdeh Dam site

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Jordan Valley Authority (JVA) has completed all geological tests at the site where Al Wahdeh Dam is to be built, near the Syrian-Jordanian border, and has finalised work on designs for the dam, JVA Director Mohammad Bani Hani said in a statement published Saturday.

The JVA is maintaining contacts with institutions which intend to finance the dam, a project which will take nearly four years to complete, Bani Hani said in a statement published in Sawt Al Shaah Arabic daily.

Also, according to Bani Hani, a joint Jordanian-Syrian committee on the Al Wahdeh Dam is due to meet in Damascus in the first half of the coming month to study the diversion tunnel which has been completed at the site.

The 920-metre tunnel will divert water from the Yarmouk River until the \$400 million project has been completed, according to Bani Hani.

Innab

fair

foodstuffs.

to attend

Damascus

AMMAN (Petra) - Minister of

Industry and Trade Ziyad Innab

will travel to Damascus Monday

tu attend the formal opening of the Jordanian pavilion at the

A spokesman for the Jordan

Commercial Centres Corporation

(JCCC) said that a total of 150

Jordanian businesses and com-

panies are displaying samples at

the fair ranging from chemical

products to embroideries and

The spokesman said that Jor-

dan has been participating in the ducers.

NATIONAL NEWS IN BRIEF

WHAT'S GOING ON

time and place with the concerned institutions.

Housing Bank Art Gallery.

Royal Cultural Centre.

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and

the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed

EXHIBITION

☆ An art exhibition by Jordanian artists Khaled Ghawanmeh and

An art exhibition by Jordanian artist Adam Al Hilu at the

LECTURE

& A lecture, Arabic, on "Water situation in Al Disi water basin,

FILM

☆ A. Seature film entitled "Reging Bill" at the American Centre-

Associations Complex — 7:00 p.m.

Abdullah Kamaleh, and the Syrian artist Wafaa Al Masri at the

Damascus International Fair.

The committee last met in Am-

of land involved in the project, and paid field trips to inspect work on the tunnel.

The construction of the diversion tunnel was completed in April this year, but work continued to reinforce the tunnel with cement. It was carried out by a consortium of a Jordanian-Syrian and Italian companies at a cost of JD 2.5 million.

The meeting in Damascus, Bani Hani said, will mark the end of all types of work on the tunnel and takes place before further steps can be planned for the construction of the dam itself.

The Jordanian government is maintaining contacts with financial institutions for the sake of ensuring a sum of \$350 million in loans to help construct the dam which would provide sufficient water for Jordan's agricultural and domestic use, and electricity to be shared with Syria.

The dam water will be used to irrigate 35,000 dunums of farmland mostly in the Jordan Valley

Ziyad Innab

annual event for years, displaying

ore the sale of national goods.

allowed to buy directly but can

place orders for the various pro-

ducts through contacting the pro-

Visitors to the fair are not

products that would be

drinking water for Amman and According to an agreement signed by Jordan and Syria in 1987, Syria will get 75 per cent of the hydroelectric power generated by the dam's power turbines.

mated 50 million cubic metres of

and President of the General Union of Voluntary Societies Abdullah Al Khatih AMMAN (J.T.) — Her Majesty Queen Noor Saturday presided over a meeting during which the "Quality of Life Development The overall developmental

objective of the project is to enhance the quality of life of the people in the underdeveloped areas of Jordan through active Project" was presented to cabinet members and other high ranking officials directly involved in integrated development, as well as members of the Noor Al Hussein involvement of community members, the promotion of self-re-Foundation's (NHF) Executive hance among the people and the encouragement of a positive lifes-In its first phase, the two-year project will benefit three villages starting with Sweimeh in the

Specifically, the project seeks

- Identify the segments of the population whose hasic needs must be upgraded in order to improve their quality of life.

— Create viable model de-

velopment schemes in selected communities to be implemented by the people with the support and full partnership of all the concerned sectors of the govern-

- Expand successful intersectoral development models to a full coverage of the target seg-ments of the population. According to the project con-

sultant, Dr. Amorn Nandasuta, the organisers will utilise the "hasic human needs" concept and approach in social development, which has been tried successfully in Thailand as early as



ranking government officials and the NHF execu Her Majesty Queen Noor presides over a meeting held at the NHF. Also present are ministers, high tive committee (Petra pholo)

Nandasuta, who is World Health Organisation (WHO) consultant and senior health advisor to the Thai Ministry of Health, said that a standard implementation process has been developed as part of Thailand's national socio-economic develop-

Officials briefed on 'quality of life development project'

Queen Noor presides over new NHF project

ment plans. Nowadays, he added. at least 10,000 villages have implemented development progmmes of this nature. The project will he im-plemented by the Noor Al Hus-

sein Foundation in cooperation with the Ministry of Health and The project was formulated at the direction of Her Majesty Queen Noor following a visit to Sweimeh in January last vear.

where she met several local com-

munity members to acquaint her-self with the village's developmental needs. In presenting the project to the meeting, NHF's communications specialist Dr. Sima Bahous said that to implement the project, the organisers will utilise the "hasic human needs concept and

approach in social development.

the facilitating agencies - fine; makers, administrators and technocrats. Selection and training of ar intersectoral technical team of development workers at the dis-

three main activities have been

cial preparation in relation to th

new concept and strategy among

- Consensus building and so-

undertaken:

trict level (South Shuneh). - A survey of basic needs carried out by the people them-selves using those indicators which have been developed by the intersectoral technical team. At the same time, she said, a village development fund will be established with WHO support and contributions by the vill (

people themselves. The fund ne responsible to support community-based developms. According to Bahous, so far,

In the occupied territories 'it is criminal to be Palestinian'

southern Jordan Valley at the northeastern tip of the Dead Sea-

and two other villages. It will then involve 12 other villages

which will be networked with the

other three villages.
Those present included Minister of Health and Social Development Zuhair Malhas, Education

Minister Abdullah Nsour, Minis-

ter of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment

Yousef Hamdan Al Jabr, Minis-

ter of State for Prime Ministry

Affairs Ibrahim Izziddine and

Planning Minister Ziyad Fariz, in

addition to Balqa Governor Mi-

ihem Al Khreisha, Jordan Coop-

erative Organisation Director

General Mreiwed Al Tal, Jordan

Valley Anthority Director

Mohammad Bani Hani, Under-

secretary of the Ministry of Social

Development Mohammad Sqour

Cooperatives — the infrastructure of a future Palestinian state

By Ghadeer Taher Jordan Times Staff Writer

AMMAN — One of the major challenges that the Israelis face in their relentless effort to quell the 21-month-old Palestinian uprising is the close-knit cooperative movement that has sprung up in almost every corner of the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip and often seen as the "infrastructure of a future Palestinian state."

The cooperative movement, "the heart of the intifada," is obviously the Palestinian reply to the occupation power's systematic measures to strangle the economy of the occupied territories. At the same time, it certainly has made a major contribution towards creating a political atmosphere conducive to a peaceful solution to the

These are the impressions of a group of young Americans who visited the occupied territories and gained firsthand inings of the phenomenon.

These cooperatives really seem to be the heart of the intifada in terms of getting Israel to a position where it has to deal with what's going on... instead of shooting at people," according to Mike Fischer, one of a six-member American student team. "The cooperatives are setting the conditions to

make that possible." The concept of self-help and interdependence against a common foe, as reflected in the cooperatives, is one of the most natural features of the intifada, and it has survived every form of Israeli onslaught, according to many Palestinians who have close links with the West Bank and

Gaza Strip. Fischer, an English literature graduate student at the University of Michigan and editor of a Detroit-hased magazine called "Against the Current" said, one of the major achievements of the cooperatives is employment of Palestinians who depend upon daily earnings but face the problems of sustained curfews, general strikes and violence as well as Israeli restrictions.

"A great number of people who used to work inside the green line (pre-1967 demarcation line) have been able to find jobs in these cooperatives," he said. "The standard of living has dropped but jobs are available."

"Even in Gaza, the hell that it is, we saw a 50-dunum tomatoe cooperative which employs many of the people who used to work in Israel. This could be a symbol of the entire intifada. The cooperative, surrounded by hell, still manages to help people as a separate entity. This bodes well for the future," Fischer added.

Obviously the Gaza cooperative is symbolic of the "infrastructure of a future Palestinian state.

Another member of the delegation, Betsy Esch, also of the University of Michigan, voiced similar views. "In the U.S., the intifada is repre-



The intifada is not just stone-throwing

'sented as stone-throwing. It was very exciting for us to se the effectiveness of things like the cooperatives that have been organised in many of the villages; the women's committees, tax resistance, the boycotts and strikes against Israeli products were inspiring for all of us."

"What impressed me most was the comprehensiveness of the intifada." How effective it was and how every person, regardless of age or status, was involved in it and supported it one hundred per cent," Esch, the opinion page editor of the university's newspaper, "The Daily," added.

The main goal of the group's visit - organised by the Ann Arbor, Michigan, hranch of the Palestine Solidarity Committee (PSC) - was to gain first-hand information on the workings of the intifada, as the Palestinian struggle and the question of Palestinian statehood have become more important in the wake of the uprising, which shook the status quo of the Arab-Israeli conflict

"In the face of the powerful Zionist lohby on our campus we thought it was very important to find out the truth and have a very articulate position on the Palestinian question, so we can represent the issues as clearly and accurately as we

can," Esch explains.
"That is very important for us at this crucial time as students and activists," she told the Jordan Times. Both Fischer and Esch were interviewed by the newspaper during the group's stopover in Amman before returning to the United States.

Another objective of the mission was to try to establish a sister university relationship with Bir Zeit University near Ramaliah in the West Bank. But the proposed project did not meet with much success. "It is very difficult." Fischer said. "We were prepared to go and talk to the Bir Zeit Student Council... but there was only one member of the student council who was not incarcer-

"We met with him and we but it is very difficult for Bir Zeit to get any help from the outside. The Israelis make it as hard as possible for money, supplies or equipment to come in," Fischer said.

The delegation intends to follow up on the sister university project after their return to Michigan. One of the ideas that has already been floated is sending a Bir Zeit student to study at the University of Michigan. The group is also studying the possibility of doing solidarity work in the U.S. to highlight the problems of education in the occupied territories.

Once the group returns to the United States an important question that arises is what the delegation intends to do to inform other Americans about the plight of the Palestinians.

According to Fischer, the members' diverse hackgrounds will allow them to develop "the strategy where instead of concentrating on the issue in and of itself, we force other people. who tend to ignore it, to make the connection between what is happening in the occupied territories with what is happening with issues they struggle for."

The connection, for example, between the way in which Palestinians walking down the street can be stopped, harassed and taken away and the way in which the same thing happens to blacks in Detroit every single day," Fischer explains. "These are the ways we can set our own agenda instead of allowing the Zionist lohby to constantly set the agenda for us and tell us what is semitic or anti-semitic, what is right or WTORE,

As opinion page editor of the university newspaper, Esch faced many difficulties because she allowed the Palestinian position on different issues to surface in the newspaper, but she says she has not heen deterred in her efforts to "tell the truth."

"I feel very strongly that none of us are going to back down," she asserted. "I think its really inlimidating when you

have hundreds of people outside your door calling you a 'Jew-hater' but if the intifada has done anything for me and all of us it was to make us angry enough about what is happening and to take that anger and turn it into positive energy and really fight this There is a great deal of legitimate criticism which has been stifled completely because people have allowed themselves to be intimidated by this force.

the truth." The American delegation, one of many that have crossed the King Hussein Bridge on similar missions during the 21 months of the revolt, stresses the importance of human contact as a means of understanding the intifada and the overall Palestinian question.

Out of respect for the people of the intifada we have to tell

The delegation had different experiences in the West Bank and the Gaza Strip despite the fact that both areas are equally involved in the uprising.

"I think in Gaza things are a hit different than in the West Bank," Esch recalled. "Most people have said that being in Gaza is being in the heart of the intifada, hut we had a different experience hecause conditions were so repressive when we were there. Most of Gaza was under curfew so we were unable to meet with people. We really saw Gaza through a car window."

"It wasn't as powerful as being in the West Bank where we went to the villages, met with people, saw the poverty, the soldiers, the barracks, and the hunkers that were on every corner," she added.

The group saw for them-selves the daily human rights violations Palestinians have to endure.

The most vivid experience came when the group's guide was detained and his identification card taken for asking an Israeli police officer a ques-

non.
"We were stunned that this person was detained for doing absolutely nothing," Esch said. "We saw that it is 'criminal' to be a Palestinian."

Aqaba vocational centre turns out 164 apprentices Agaha, Radaiden noted.

AQABA (Petra) - A vocational training centre in Aqaha has turned out 164 apprentices who received one to two-year training courses in a number of specialisations much in demand in Jordan, according to Mr. Talal Radaideh, the centre's director.

He said the trainees had courses in anto mechanics, wood work, interior decoration, electricity, refrigeration and train locomotive mechanical work.

The centre also provides a three month training course to workers in various businesses in

He said the centre, which is operated by the vocational train-

ing corporation, has now opened courses for hotel management and car driving because of the need by the local market

Al Hakama, in Irbid Governorate, a similar training centre turned out 283 apprentices who completed three month training courses. VTC Director Burhan Shreideh, who attended the ceremony, distributed diplomas to :!

ACC states to discuss

coordination in inclusivy

LEXANDRIA (Petra) - dustry will be represented by a Chambers of industry in the four member Arab Cooperation Council (ACC) countries will meet here Monday to discuss measures that would help coordinate matters in industrial affairs and boost investments in industrial projects.

A spokesman for the ACC. which groups Egypt. Jordan. north Yemen and Iraq. said that the participants in the three-day meeting will discuss the prospect of establishing a holding company with an initial capital of \$10 milhon to organise industrial investments in the four countries. The Amman Chamber of Inteam headed by the chamber's president. Khaldoun Abu Hassan, who said he will submit a working paper to the meeting proposing a number of measures to ensure integration among the four countries in industry related

fields. One of the main questions to be discussed. Abu Hassan said, is a proposal to establish a higher council for the federations of industry in the four ACC coun-

Another meeting to help the four ACC countries integration process is due to be held in Sanza, capital of North Yemen. on Sept. 5.

Five robbers jailed

ry court to serve prison terms for in prison with hard labour. their involvement in a plan to commit robberies.

A statement said that Zivad Salem, Jamal Abdul Aal and Mohammad Abdullah have been given five year prison sentences with hard labour while Saleh embezzled through forgery.

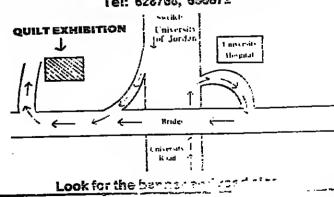
AMMAN (Petra) - Five people Mahmoud and Walld Dhelian are have been sentenced by the milit- to serve for two and a null years The court also sentenced

Mohammad Diyab Zeid in abstentia for embezzling public funds. He is to serve 15 years in prison and to pay a fine of ID 3.335, the amount which he had

Save the Children Federation invites you to

Jordan River Quilt EXHIBITION

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John Maria

FUEL REVENUES: The Cabinet, in its weekly session Saturday, approved the grant of JD 300,000 from fuel revenues to the joint municipal councils. This sum of money will be used in bolstering the hudgets uf these councils so as to upgrade their standard of 4maintenance and operational services. (Petra). MASA'DEH RECEIVES IRAQI ENVOY: Deputy Prime Minister and Interior Minister Salem Masa'deh Saturday discussed with Iraqi

Amhassador to Jordan Nouri Ism'il bilateral relations. (Petra) BOOSTING PRIVATE SECTOR OPERATIONS: The United Nations Development programme (UNDP) is co-sponsoring a

two-day symposium in Jordan on means of boosting the operations of the private sector in the country. Dr. Ali Atiqa, the UNDP residentrepresentative here, and Amman Chamber of Industry President Khaldoun Ahu Hassan met Saturday to discuss arrangements for the symposium and training seminars and courses which could be organised in conjunction with the UNDP to promote the private

sector's activities. According to UNDP sources, the symposium, which will open oo Sept. 3, is to be attended by representatives of the private and the public sectors and the federation of Jordanian chambers of industry and trade. (Petra) IRAQI TEAM IN AQABA: An Iraqi delegation representing the Ministry of Transport Saturday visited Aqaba Port and was hriefed on the operations at the port and economic projects in the city. Topics related to transportation of goods destined for Iraq will be discussed during the delegation's two-day visit. (Petra)

PRO IT

1

Jordan Times

جوران تايمز يومية عربية سيلسبة مستقلة نحسر بالإنجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحابية الأردنية

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On the right track

DEVELOPMENTS in the last three weeks which saw a gradual but steady elimination of a major part of the black market in foreign currency and the rise in the Jordanian dinar's value against the American dollar are a watershed. The implementation of a surefooted, well-calculated intervention strategy by the Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ) has mostly paid off, as evident in reports that commercial banks which were clamouring for foreign currency only last month are today reporting that they no longer need to take up CBJ offers to sell them their needs. If anything, they have turned sellers to the CBJ. It is expected that the two-tier exchange system will soon be abolished and a unified rate will be set.

Simultaneous with its intervention policy, the CBJ has also been building its foreign currency reserves, raising it to about \$500 million, thanks mainly to Arab aid; no mean feat when compared with the figure of \$20 million only a few months back.

On the whole, the picture is bright, when seen in the light of the gloomy predictions of pessimists, who, at one point, even suggested that the dinar will be trading one-to-one to the American dollar. However, the present brightness should not encourage any lowering of our vigil. The national economy is no way out of the woods; we have managed to gain a firm foothold and there is a long way ahead of us. It is certain that the path is strewn with thorns and walking over them is an essential sacrifice everyone of us has to make if we are to hope for improving our national economy. Cries will be heard, but they should only be seen as an occupational hazard, since any delay or stalling on the path will only prolong the process of national recovery. By the same token, it should also be made clear to everyone concerned that any officeholder seen shirking his or her responsibilities will be held accountable and answerable to charges of undermining the national effort. By and large, the acceptance of such a situation appears to have set in, but it should be thrust home.

JORDAN PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i daily on Saturday tackled the Lebanese situation in the light of a visit to Beirut by the Soviet deputy foreign minister. The Soviet official made it clear to all parties that there can be no military victory for any party in the ongoing civil conflict in Lebanon, and that the Arab League mediation committee set up by the Arab summit in Casablanca remains the only feasible means for settling the issue. Washington has earlier expressed the same view about the situation in Lebanon, thus joining the Soviet Union in its belief that the Arab Nation should bear the main responsibility towards Lebanon, the paper added. It said it is of utmost importance therefore that the warring factions in Beirut understand that cooperation with the Arab League and its mediation committee which will soon resume its mission, is essential and a must, if a peaceful settlement is to be reached. The tragic situation in Lebanon does not tolerate further delays and the warring factions should realise that the time bas come for a lasting ceasefire, the paper said. It said that any success for the Arab League in Lebanon would not only enhance the Arab Nation's credibility before the world, but will also prevent any outside forces from intervening in the conflict and achieving their

A columnist in Al Ra'i draws the attention of the concerned parties and the Jordanian public to the fact that sports events should be given a boosting through support and continued encouragement. Salah Abdul Samad says that supporters for the national basketball team in Damascus were absent from the scene, but nevertheless, it achieved successes over the other teams in the Arab championship. The Ministry of Youth, the sports federations and other concerned parties ought to look into the prospect of dispatching supporters with the national teams wherever they play abroad as is being done by Syria, and other Arah countries when they send their players to hold matches in Jordan, the writer notes. He says that a number of private organisations and individuals have offered to send supporters along with the national basketball team with the purpose of providing encouragement to the team and to help it achieve the best possible results. The paper said that it is still not too late to send supporters for our team in Damascus since this might help it

Al Dustour daily commented Saturday on the outcome of a meeting by the Arah information ministers which recommended collective action in matters related to the Palestine question, the Gulf war and other issues of common concern to the Arab countries. The paper said that the resolutions and recommendations at the end of the meeting clearly reflect the Arab Nation's orientation towards peace and security in the Middle East and in the Gulf region. The final statement expressed the Arab World's true and genuine image, and its determination to achieve peace based on justice, the paper added. It said that ministers expressed their countries' decision to join efforts in countering Israel's conspiracies against the Palestinian people who are waging an uprising in the face of occupation. The ministers urged Arab governments to mobilise all efforts to back the Palestinian people's struggle for freedom and for a permanent and just peace, the paper noted. It said that the Arab information service can and should be exploited to serve the national interests provided it is carefully planned and implemented.

Sunday's Economic Pulse

Moving with confidence

MONEYCHANGERS offices were closed on Feb. 8, 1989 to put an end to speculation and capital flight, and to allow a return to fixed exchange rate after four months of floating.

Since then, things changed drastically and a reconsideration of the whole subject became in order. In fact the governor of the Central Bank recently announced that the decision to re-activate the moneychangers was subject to a thorough study.

However, so far, it seems the Central Bank did not make up its mind regarding this vital subject. The feeling is that since things are now going the bank's way, it would be risky to do something major that might upset the current favourable trend.

This position is quite understood, but it should not prevent the finalisation of the study as early as possible, because favourable trends need continued support, and the CBI should take some calculated risk in this regard. Any decision or policy is no more than a response to a certain situation and to available information. If circumstances were altered, and new facts emerged to substantially change the situation, one need not hold on to

I shall try to summarise some of the new facts and circumst-

ances that call for a real re-evaluation and justify re-opening of the moneychanging offices to resume operation under a new law that avoids over or under regulation:

The decision to close moneychanging offices was taken when it was clear that moneychangers were the means and instruments of speculation against the dinar, that the dinar's exchange rate dropped to 620 fils to the dollar. Now, in the absence of authorised moneychangers, the dollar is selling in the free market at 15 per cent higher, an evidence that the decision is not serving

its purpose.
We thought at the time, that the closure of moneychangers offices will be accompanied by a crack down on black market, treating it strictly as a security hazard to be dealt with accordingly, and not left to the Central Bank. In such a situation, we expected no black market to emerge before three months, a good breathing time to allow the government to move and re-arrange the stage. This expectation did not materialise and the black market flourished and became a reality in a matter of days. Black market is of course more dangerous than the authorised moneychangers.

The moneychanging deals are there as everybody knows. They

were previously conducted through well-known offices; with books and records, by authorised dealers, who provided information and paid taxes. Such deals are currently conducted under the ground. The activity is being left for anyone to practise behind the

back of the law and the specialised institutions.

The authorised moneychangers are dealing at large in dinars, in
Jerusalem, Nablus, Jeddah, Bahrain, Dubai etc. The embargo is only imposed on moneychangers in Jordan, which would able to compete and attract capital and foreign currencies if they were allowed to do so. The banning of moneychanging in Jordan is not serving any purpose except shifting business and foreign exchange

At one time we worried about capital flight or loss of confidence in the dinar. There is nothing to worry about now as the damage has already been done. So why not open the door to capital movement and exchange rates until we reach a real stability level, determined by market forces rather than an artificial rate that we lack the means to protect. The current healthy situation in the market since the beginning of August is a golden opportunity to move with confidence.

Big powers turned from war to economic rivalry after WWII

By Patrick Worsnip

LONDON — The global conflict which broke out 50 years ago next month was a cataclysm that saw the death throes of old empires: and the dawn of a new age of stony superpower confrontation.

Stunned by a death toll of up to 60 million in World War II and frightened by the invention of the atom bomb, the world's great pow-ers ceased fighting for land and began competing for influence and money as a sour peace settled over the battlefields and devastated cities.

The war, which lasted nearly six years, drained the old European colonial powers and estab-lished two countries — the United States and Soviet Union - as military and political superpowers whose rivalry was to shape events for decades

A third country, China, achieved semi-superpower status by acquiring nuclear weapons in the 1960s, but today has still to win the political and economic' weight to match its population of more than one billion.

Britain and France, the great empire builders of the late 19th and early 20th centuries, were forced to grant independence to ost of their colonies in the 1 time World and accept a role as

second-ranking powers.
The losers of the war, Germany and Japan, had strict limits placed on their military power and devoted their energies instead to economic growth, a field in which they eventually outstripped their conquerors.

The pattern that emerged from the war - an uneasy balance between a capitalist West and a Communist East, bordered by a host of states to the south strug-gling to achieve economic viability - has more or less beld good since then.

But now there are signs it could be on the verge of change, under the relentless pressure of economics which has forced the Communist countries into a corner and dampened their enthusiasm for world revolution.

Sept. 1, 1939

World War II began when Nazi Germany, seeking to expand its frontiers laid down after the German defeat in the World War I of 1914-18 and having just signed a non-aggression pact with its arch-foe the Soviet Union, invaded Poland on Sept. 1, 1939. Britain and France declared war on Germany two days later.

In 1940 the Germans occupied much of Western Europe, and the following year turned their attention eastwards, driving deep into the Soviet Union in June, 1941. In December, Germany's ally Japan attacked the American base at Pearl Harbour in Hawaii, bringing the United States into

the war. The tide turned in 1942. The Soviet army threw back the Germans at Stalingrad and began to advance westwards, while the Western allies' victories in North Africa enabled them to invade Italy in 1943.

Following the Normandy landings of June, 1944, the allies closed in on Germany, which capitulated on May 7, 1945. The American dropping of atomic bombs on Hiroshima and Nagasaki forced the surrender of Japan on Aug. 14.

One result of the war was that the Soviet Union, as well as shifting its borders westwards, took effective control of Eastern Europe by helping to establish

Communist governments there.
This laid the foundations of the future "cold war" between East and West. The West Europeans allied themselves with the United

States and Canada in NATO in 1949, while the Soviet-led Warsaw Pact was set up in 1955. On the economic front, the

United States in 1947 offered Europe: the Marshall Plan, a \$17-billion aid package which led to the recovery of the Western half of the war-ravaged continent. Moscow obliged its allies to refuse the aid.

Many politicians from both East and West believe that the balance of forces and ideologies has kept the peace between the world's main powers for the past four decades.

150 wars since

But lesser conflicts, often fuelled by the superpowers' quest for world influence, have continued elsewhere. The United Nations has estimated that more than 20 million people may have died in some 150 wars since the end of World War II.

And, 44 years after the war ended, the structure put in place in Europe is looking increasingly

The Soviet Union and its allies, their economies plagued by bureaucracy, low productivity and widespread shortages, have fallen far behind the prosperity of taking increasingly radical reform

Economic reform is leading to political change. The Soviet Union is racked by ethnic unrest. Poland - where Solidarity activist Tadeusz Mazowiecki wat elected prime minister this week in a vote which broke more than 40 years of Communist dominating of Eastern Europe - and Hungary are steering towards multiparty democracy. The trend might in the long run query their place in the Warsaw Pact.

In Western Europe, the 12nation European Community is scheduled to complete by 1992 a single internal market which, with more than 320 million citizens, will be the biggest in the developed non-Communist

Already by 1985 the EC accounted for 18.3 per cent of world trade, compared with 17.5 per cent for the United States. Powerful forces are pushing for an ever-increasing economic, and ultimately political, role for EC institutions at the expense of those of member states.

France and -- despite lingering trans-Atlantic attachments -Britain now see their role in an EC context.

More importantly, as many West Europeans saw it in the 1950s, the community provided a peaceful focus for the ambitions of Germany, or at least its western part, the rump of the diminished and divided nation that emerged from the war.

But if the division of Europe is to end one day, this seems certain to resurrect the question of the reunification of capitalist West and Communist East Germany, a prospect that few non-Germans relish at present.

Already West Germany and its former fellow axis power Japan hold the world in awe economically. Where once they sent their armies into neighbouring countries, now they flood them with cars and television sets.

The trade figures of World War II's chief combatants provide an ironic comment on the outcome of the conflict. Last year West Germany ran a current account surplus of \$44 billion, and Japan \$77 billion.

By contrast, the United States had a deficit of \$135 billion and Britain \$24 billion. The Soviet Union claimed a trade surplus of \$3 billion, but its hard currency debt stands at \$44 billion.

Mazowiecki faces tough challenge West has reacted cautiously to will not pull Poland out of the Warsaw Pact military alliance.

By Timothy Heritage Reuter

WARSAW — Poland's new Prime Minister Tadensz Mazowiecki has taken office with a ringing appeal for solidarity at home and generosity from the country's friends abroad.

Both will be needed in a country where political resentments are still high, food shortages and quenes are a part of everyday life and inflation is approaching 200 per cent.

Mazowiecki, a close adviser of Solidarity leader Lech Walesa and editor of the independent trade union's weekly magazine, said on Thursday: "The govern-ment cannot solve the situation alone. We must do it together.

"Poland's friends cannot wait until we start drowning. Assistance will serve all Europe Europe is one, from east to The economy has collapsed

since a boom in the 1970s based on large foreign credits. The foreign debt is \$39 billion and Poland cannot even pay the \$3 billion annual interest.

The country desperately needs foreign aid but Mazowiecki may have problems getting it. The Solidarity's requests for \$10 bilion in funds.

Meanwhile, shortages are growing. People queue daily for staple items like meat, fresh bread and cheese. Shoes, shirts, television sets, matches and razor blades are all in short supply.

Miners, power workers, medical staff, transport and com-munications workers have staged strikes in protest at food price rises imposed by the Comn anthorities on Aug. 1.

Solidarity plans radical changes in economic policy, such as boosting the private sector at the ex-

NEWS ANALYSIS

"I am ware that a great effort is needed by the government to repair the economy," Mazowiecki told parliament on Thurs-day just before being elected. The main task was to restore

economic equilibrium and quash inflation, he said. "Otherwise public unrest could undermine oland's march to freedom. But the union has no experience

of government and Mazowiecki

has to find a balance that will-

the small United Peasants' Party and the Democratic Party, its allies in a coalition government. Mazowiecki can expect resist-

ance from Communist appointees installed in government offices and factories across Poland. Solidarity fears they may try to sabotage its reforms.

He acknowledges the danger of upsetting the Communists, who will retain the defence and interior ministries.

"We have to be aware that there is a certain feeling of threat on the part of the other side," Mazowiecki told opposition parhamentary deputies on Wednes-day. "We should not let that develop into hostility on account

Mindful of the Communists' control of the armed forces and police, he expressed fears of civil war if the party was totally excluded from government.

One of the prime minister's most delicate tasks is to work out a strategy to deal with the Soviet Union and the rest of Eastern Europe. Seeking to allay Soviet security

concerns and the fears of Mos-

cow's conservative allies in the

"The government will do everything to make anti-inflation efforts as painless as possible. But no one can promise that this can be done without hardships." Mazowiecki told parliament.

Trouble could also come from

the workers who have been Soti-

darity's power base since it was

formed after a national strike

Solidarity will probably try to

implement an austerity program-

me, but has to persuade Poles that

better living standards and more

goos in the shops will have to be

wave m. August 1980.

carned.

Jeffrey Sachs, a United Nations economic expert, told the Solidanity daily Gazeta Wyborcza in an interview on Thursday that Poland needed immediately: - Pull convertibility of its cur-

rency, the zloty -- Abolition of all subsidies and price regulation - Fully free exchange of im-

ports and exports -Suspension of its debt repayments

- Relaxed regulations on setting up foreign and Polish companies in Poland.

Western aid coming

By Jacqueline Frank Remer

WASHINGTON - Poland's new government will have to look to the West in its drive for economic renewal but its troubles are likely to worsen before improvements can be made, according to U.N. analysts.

They said Poland's first non-Communist government in more than 40 years will need to be welcomed with open arms from the West. Foreign aid would be essential to help the country which has a foreign debt of \$40 billion and has been unable to pay the interest.
"Poland is going to succeed or

not to the extent it becomes part of the European economy,' Brookings Institution analyst Jerry Hough told Reuters. Poland's new prime minister,

Sobdarity activist Tadeusz Mazowiecki, has made the economic crisis his top priority.

Prices on many goods were

rates earlier this month, prompting to strikes throughout the country. Food shortages and long queues have become routine. Wage rates have risen but have not kept pace with inflation, which has approached 200 per

Hough says Polish workers will have to swallow some strong medicine through price rises to give industry and farmers incentives to increase production. Poland should look to Western

Europe, particularly its closest neighbour West Germany, for financial aid, for investment capital and for technical assistince, he said. "It's for Western Europe to say

'if Eastern Europe wants access to our markets we will facilitate Both Hough and analyst Donglas Seay of the conservative

Heritage Foundation agree that the West, particularly Europe, will have to open its markets to Polish exports if Poland is to carn allowed to jump to near-market. the hard currency to increase investment in new industries and to buy Western consumer goods. The transition from a government-controlled economy to a free-wheeling capitalist economy

could take five years, Seay said. The pace will be decided by decisions in the next few months by Solidarity and the Polish Communist Party on the extent to which they want to turn their state-controlled system into a free

The analysts said Poland must also lift restrictions on foreign investment, allow its currency to become convertible, and ease investment and tax rules that discriminate against foreigners.

Seay said the economic situation would probably deteriorate in the short term and there could be severe shortages this winter m staple foods such as potatoes. bread, meat and milk.

International Monetary Fund (IMF) officials will discuss Poland's economic needs in a meeting in Poland in September, an . IMF official said.

Western governments will be watching Poland to see if there is a specific request for aid. They did not embrace Solidarity leader Lech . Walesa's estimate this spring of \$10 billion and decided to wait to see what type of gov-

ernment emerged. · The analysts said it would be difficult for them to reject an aid request from a democratic govcriment, something they had been urging for many years. A State Department official

said the United States will be working with Poland and with European governments to come up with a consolidated plan for economic aid.

The analysts said they did not expect the floodgates to open quickly. "Europe is going to have to contribute at least as much as the United States, or more,"

President George Bush will send Congress next month a request for \$119 million in economic aid. Some congressmen want

Political literature booms in Chile

By Eduard Gallardo

SANTIAGO, Chile — Pobtical literature is flourishing in Chile as the restrictions on political activity enforced under a right-wing military government come to an

Chileans, who a few years ago were starved for political information of any sort, are now feeding their hunger with a wide variety of books, magazines and

After seizing power in a bloody 1973 coup, President Gen. An-gusto Pinochet decreed a total ban on political activity. Congress was closed, political parties were disbanded and severe censorship was imposed. At first, nothing could be printed without prior government

approval. Later, the government replaced that policy with a raft of rules prohibiting publication of books or stories that included opposition opinions or contained other material that editors knew would offend the government.

But in recent years, a marked relaxation has taken place. Political activity has become virtually free, and the first presidential elections since 1970 are to be held Dec. 14 to pick a successor to Pinochet.

"The public was thirsty for political information," said Ignacio Gonzalez, a journalist who

wrote "The Day Allende Died," one of the country's most successful books in 1988.

The book is a vivid, extensively researched account of events at the government house on Sept. 11, 1973, the day Pinochet top-pled elected Marxist President Salvador Allende, who was killed in the takeover.

Gonzalez's book sold 11,000

copies in three months, a huge

figure in a country where a book selling 3,000 copies is considered a bestseller. "I think people reacted with enthusiasm because of the attraction of learning things that had been forbidden to them for so

long," Gonzalez said in an inter-

Even more successful was "The Silent Revolution," a 1987 report on the performance of the Pinochet government, by conservative economist Joaquin Lavin.

The book sold more than 150,000 copies in 11 months, Chile's second-biggest seller ever, Lavin claims. He said it places second only to "Farewell to The 7th Regiment," a novel based on the 1879 war that Chile won over Peru and Bolivia.

"I just tried to tell Chileans how is the country they live in these days," Lavin told the Associated Press. "The book shows them how their country has

"My book came out at a moment when political activity was stepping up strongly and becoming much freer," he said. Gonzalez and Lavin believe public interest on political books

will survive the end of military

Francisco Mouat, the book critic of Apsi, one of several political magazines which have appeared in recent years, agreed. "I think this trend will last beyond the restoration of demo-

cracy," Monat said. "I think it will increase and, more important, it will produce better books." Book sales in recent years seem to support that forecast. Records of the Chilean Book Chamber, a

publishing industry organisation, show that for the last year, each week's list of the six top-selling books have included at least three political titles. Alberto Gosselin, manager of

Atlantida, a major Santiago book shop, noted that the boom in sales of political texts has come inspite of a general slump in the book business. He said one reason may be that prices for political books usually are about \$3, compared with more than \$6 for a work of fiction.

Other popular political books in recent years have included "Gen. Prats' Memoirs," by Gen. Carios Prats, the army commander under Allende who was assas-

published posthumously; "The Buchi Phenomenon," a study on Hernan Buchi, the pro-government presidential candidate in the December election; "Moscow Here," journalist Bernardo de la Masa's account of changes in the Soviet Union; and "Yes or No," a study prior to last October







Dave Hargett and Richard Yao help Christians who have fallen for extreme religious doctrines and want out. (WNL)

By Clare Pedrick

NEW YORK - Dave Hargett was on a Manhattan subway when he was first befriended by a member of a fundamentalist church group which makes it its business to seek out newcomers to the big city and convert them to born-again Christianity.

The initial approach began as a friendly conversation, quickly followed by a casual invitation to a football game. Hargett, new to New York, and as yet with few friends, accepted gratefully. Be-fore long, he found he was spending five nights a week with the evangelical group. Within months he had lost his joh — his new friends convinced him he should refuse to work over-time - and had been persuaded to share his small apartment with other

"It was all part of the brain-washing. The idea was that if you lived with other bible-thumpers, you would feel guilty if you did not do all the things that they did," said Hargett, 28. 'It also meant you could save money so you had more to give to the church. A lot of people were giving fifty per cent of their salary. I knew one guy who gave close to \$200 a week and his

take-home pay was only \$300."
Hargett finally managed to break from the group with the support of Fundamentalists Anonymous (FA), a small but growing organisation which aims to help born-agin Christians kick an addiction which, say its founders, is as dangerous and as powerful as alcohol or drugs.

Behind FA is former Wall Street lawyer Richard Yao himself a one-time fundamentalist -- and ex-assistant bond port-

folio manager Jim Luce. Both gave up well-paid jobs to set up a hot-line and counselling service for people trying to break away from a movement which, they claim, aims to control people's lives, breaks up families, milks people of their savings, and has sinister links with extreme right-

wing political groups.

Fundamentalist Christianity is based on the belief that the Scriptures are infallible and to be taken literally. Jim Luce, 29, defines it as a 'dangerous mind-set." "It sees the world as black and white, good and evil. It's an us-against-them mentality that says we have the truth; you don't. You're going to burn in bell for ever and ever. It's a group that is trying to impose its will on the

rest of society," he said. Added Richard Yao, 33: "Fundamentalists believe, just as they did in ancient Israel, that if you

commit adultery you should be put to death, that women should be put back in the homes, and that the church should take over the public schools and run the

"What happens to a democracy when tens of millions of people are willing to give up their personal choices to a very authoritarian movement that tells them how to think, how to live, how to vote? It's a very dangerous trend in-deed," he added.

Yao, a graduate of Yale School of Divinity, was brought up as a fundamentalist in his native Philippines before breaking with it as a teenager and later moving to the United States. He likens his fundamentalist school in Manila to a type of military camp. "It was extremely harsh and strict," he recalls. "You could he expelled even for doing something as innocuous as listening to country music on the weekend."

In the United States, fundamentalist Christianity is spreading rapidly. Four years ago, figures showed that one in four Americans over the age of 18 considered themselves to be "born-again Christians." Today, that figure has risen to one in three adults.

The movement is also growing fast in other parts of the globe in Europe, Anstralia, Latin America and in South East Asia. "It's spreading especially quick-ly in the Philippines, Taiwan, Singapore and all over East Asia and the Pacific," said Yao. "In South Korea it's the fastest growing religious movement, and has been for twenty years. In Latin America, Roman Catholicism has lost 28 per cent of its members to

fundamentalist pentecostalists. "When you think about it, it's all part of a move towards fundamentalism; in Israel there is Jewish fundamentalism. Here it's a similar idea, but with Christianity."

Yao and Luce attribute the growth of born-again Christianity to an absence of meaning in people's lives. "Fundamentalism

answers all your questions — about life after death, where to find a girlfriend, and what to do everynight of the week. It means they don't have to think for themselves," said Luce. "I have had a call on the hotline from a woman saying that the Lord actually speaks to her each morning and tells her which colour dress to

"Fundamentalism is very attractive right now because it provides structure, meaning and purpose," said Yao. "It's like a package. You don't have to struggle to find out what the meaning and purpose of your life is. The

church will tell you."
Since founding FA four years ago, Luce and Yao have fielded tens of thousands of calls from people desperate to break out of fımdamentalism.

Other pleas for help come from the husbands and wives of recent converts who have watched their spouses change personality almost overnight, smashing record collections, disowning old friends, moving the children to fundamentalist schools, and refusing to go to the movies or to

"Sometimes it happens after a couple has been married as long as twenty years or more," said Yao. "He or she will often try to browbeat his partner into converting too, and may force the spouse to hand over 10 per cent of his or her earnings to the church. It's like having an alcoholic in the family, only it's reli-

Yao and Luce run their organisation from the basement of a church in mid-town Manhattan whose address they keep secret for fear of reprisals. There havealready been several homb hoaxes and death threats. On one occasion, Yao was knocked to the ground, and had a knife held to his throat.

The founders of FA are totally opposed to kidnapping and brainwashing, on the grounds that it is immoral, expensive and usually

ineffective. Both men remain committed Christians -- Luce is the trustee of the Baptist Church were he worships. "If people are happy to be fundamentalists then we are happy to leave them be," said Luce. "If not, we're here to

help."
Help comes in the form of weekly sessions, during which people are encouraged to talk out their experiences, and in an emergency hot-line, manned in 300 cities throughout the U.S. From an initial budget of \$70,000 — plowed in from the savings of Luce and Yao — the organisation now has an annual income of \$250,000, funded by various foundations and by private benefactors. FA also provides free legal aid to victims of some of the many TV evangelist scams uncovered over the past few years. The FA is currently fighting to recover some of the more than \$1.5 million sent in to TV's mostinfamous fundamentalist couple, Jim and Tammy Bakker for a time-share scheme run by their PTL ministry which promised viewers a three-day stay once a

Carolina. "One hundred and sixty thousand people sent in \$1000 each, but the hotel could only take 300 people at a time," said Luce. "In the end, PTL col-lapsed, so these people had no way of getting their money back. A lot of them were little old ladies living on pensions of \$10,000 a year, so \$1000 was a great deal of money to them. It all went to line the pockets of the Bakkers.

year for the rest of their lives in a

huxury "Christian" hotel in South

In another case, FA provided legal help to a father whose fundamentalist son committed suicide during a bout of depression brought on by the distress of abandoning his non-fundamental-ist family. "The boy went to his minister and asked if he should consult a psychiatrist," said Luce, "Instead, the minister said he should pray for guidance, and

God's way of calling his children home. The boy went home and shot himself to death."

Callers to FA's hotline complain fundamentalism has led them to bankruptcy, divorce and suicidal depression. One woman described how her hushand kept her cahined in the hasement for three months to try to get the devil out of her. Another told how she sent every cent of her income to TV evangelists Jimmy Swaggart — who was recently involved in a prostitute scandal and the Bakker duo.

"When I ran out of money, I cut back of my food hudget. I ate popcorn for two weeks so I could send more," she said.
Former fundamentalists have

complained of physical and sexual abuse, including incest, say Luce and Yao. "It happens a lot. It's frightening how many stories we hear of sexual abuse," said Yao. "It's like the sex scandals that have involved people like Jimmy Swaggart and Jim Bakker. There is so much sexual repression in these circles that it explodes," he said.

Equally disturbing, they claim, is the way born-again Christianity has infiltrated the education system.

At Liberty University in Virginia, a college founded by former TV evangelist Jerry Falwell, "frivolous" music is hanned, and students are made to adhere to a rigid code of behaviour. "What is really frightening, is that it's a regular university, which teaches subjects like math and science. but instead of teaching Darwin's Theory of Evolution, the science department teaches creationism. It's like stepping back into the Middle Ages," said Luce. "These are students who, when they graduate, are going to go out and teach the same thing in schools." he added. "By the same token. some fundamentalists believe that Christ spoke English, and

when that didn't help, he told the that it's therefore satanic to learn boy that sometimes suicide is foreign languages."

On the political front, many fundamentalist groups are directly linked to extreme right-wing organisations, claims FA. "The fundamentalists operate a system of titheing of their members' incomes," said Luce, "Often it is as much as thirty per cent. One third will go to the church, another third will go to the TV evangelists, and a third will go to a political fund."

Down in Dallas, Texas, former fundamentalisi Anne McKinnie. who married into a family of born-again Christians, says the right-wing is dominated by the evangelical movement. "The fundamentalisis are synonymous with the ultra-conservative right down here," she said. "If you are in the church, but are not in the correct political alignment, you can be forced out, it happened to a minister nere quite recently.

"Here in the south, fundamentalism is everything," she added. "You can literally advance your eareer by going to the right church, the way some people get on in their jobs by going to the right country club."

McKinnie, 32, left the move-

ment years ago. Her sister. however, remains a faithful fol-

"She really went off the deep end," said McxKinnie. "She refuses to cut her hair, wear makeup, and will only wear black, blue or white clothes. She got rid of the TV and the stereo. That's when religion becomes excessive.

"Fundamentalism also means big bucks," she added. "At a church near here, there is an annual fund raising push, and when they've finished passing the plate around it's not unusual for them to have collected \$6 million to \$7 million. There is another church in Houston which has an indoor bowling alley and tennis courts. God certainly does move in mysterious ways" - World

'Black Rain': Looking at Japan after the bombs had fallen

By Patrick L. Smith

TOKYO - Early on in Shohei Imamura's prize-winning new film, "Black Rain," a middle-aged husband and wife are salvaging what they can from the rubble of their Hitoshima home. It is just after 8 a.m. on Aug. 6. 1945; the first atomic bomb has just exploded.

"May I take some cucumhers?" the wife asks as she digs through a role of stones an timber that used to be the family

"Why not?" her husband replied without looking up from his own quarry. "Let's go."
It is hard to think of a recent

film by any director that is more economic in the way each scene contributes so essentially to the whole. And it is hard to think of a single moment in "Black Rain." although there are many that are memotable, that so distills the juxtaposition between people and events that is at the heart of all lmamura's work.

Nothing is wasted in "Black which took the grand prize for technical excellence at Cannes this year and which is

already being described as one of -Imamura's master-pieces. Imamura dispenses with the destruction of Hiroshima within a matter of minutes and returns to it only in brief flashbacks later.

Nonetbeless, it is probably in-evitable that "Black Rain," which opens in Europe next month, will be discussed, criticized, celebrated or defiled this autumn as a film about "the bomb" and all the attendant dimensions of modern political reality. And that is a pity, since it misses the point entirely.

The quiet power of "Black Rain" lies not in any such message but in its subtle portrayal of ordinary people as they struggle with calamity and hardship. As in Masuii Ibuse's 1965 novel of the same name, Imamura's film is concerned with the lives of three people making their way in postwar Japan despite being touched "the disease," as radiation sickness is known in the villages surrounding Hiroshima.

The earthy conflicts of everyday life have been Imamura's milieu since he made his cinematic debut 31 years ago; in one way or another, each film since has

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"the dailyness of living," as Ran-dall Jarrell, the American poet of Imamura's generation, once put

"I am fed up with narrow interpretations of my work and by people who limit it by labelling 'Imamura said a few days ago, in a voice more amused than angry. "My real intention is to watch and describe these interesting things called humans."

As he spoke in the quiet of a Tokyo art gallery, the relaxed and genial director seemed far from the 32-year-old who dazzled the film world when "Stolen Desire" came out in 1958. Accepted since as a self-portrait, Imamura's first full-length feature film concerned a cultured youth's encounter with a troupe of brash and raucous innerant players, "a throbbing volcano of humanity,"

as one critic described them. That film, which had an edge of rip-roaring comedy about it, more or less defined Imamura's style and themes: the tenacity and vitality of humanity and the humour implicit in the human condition. These were later developed in "The Insect Woman"

comes a call-girl boss in Tokyo, and "Intentions of Murder," about another rural woman's response to rape.

After these early black-andwhite films, Imamura spent a decade making a series of well-received documentaries on a range of Japanese subjects, and he made several colour features, incinding "The Ballad of Narayama" (1983), which won the grand prix at Cannes that

But for many of Imamura's closest critics, that award was more than tinged with irony. Imamura's big-budget colour period was a time when his films lost much of their power and directness, they said, chiefly because they were more diffuse than his earlier efforts and lacked the sense of the unexpected that lept his first films their originality.

"Imamura's films are not about justice, equality or sympathy, but about the way life is: You got raped, but you can go on," said Tadao Sato, a prominent Japanese critic. "In his early films, he created an unknown

"But in his middle period, there was no sense of discovery in what Imamura was directing, Everything he was doing had been done. "Ballad' was not a bad film; there was simply nothing new in it."

Sato, who counts a book on Imamura among the 60 he has written on Japanese film over the past three decades, ranks "Black Rain" among Imamura's three materpieces, the others being "Intentions of Murder" and "The Profound Desire of the Gods" (1968), about the clash of primitive and modern culture in postwar Okinawa.

"Black Rain's" plot revolves around the efforts of Shigematsu Shizuma and his wife, wealthy landowners in a village ontside Hiroshima, to marry off their niece, Yasuko, by countering rumours that she was in central Hiroshima when the city was bombed.

After the opening episode the film moves to the early 1950s, when victims of the explosion were the objects of discrimination throughout Japan. "Black Rain's" three main characters, all of whom were, in fact, exposed to



A scene from "Black Rain"? atomic radiation, live as "a community bound by the bomb," as

Shigematsn puts it. It is an uncharacteristically subtle and understated treatment when compared with Imamura's early films. But critics link it closely to them, and not just because Imamura chose to shoot it in black and white.

This is a welcome return to the extraordinarily compassionate control of Imamura's best pictures," says Donald Richie, the preeminent critic of Japanese film. 'His style has never been more concise, his timing is immaculate. He simply never loses control." It is a return in another sense,

as well. Imamura's career has often been seen as a long rebellion against Yasuiiro Ozu, the formalist master under whom Imamura worked before directing his own films. Where Ozu might have spent an hour arranging a couple of sofa cushings before making a shot, the random chance, the chaos of life were what Imamura wanted to capture on film.

If the subject has not essentially changed - who else has found

humour in Hiroshima, as Imamura has? - the treatment is

substantially more mature. "Ozu described people as if they were static, never changing shape, like tennis rackets, and I resisted him for this," Imamura said. "I want to show that people live vividly in spite of sadness. and that they change whenever you touch them. Bu: Ozu brought me up — I admit that now. I've recently come to understand his direction much better than I did."

"And I'm oroud of that," he added - International Herald



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UAE share trading

triggers complaints

ABU DHABI (R) — The United Arab Emirates (UAE) should copy its neighbours by setting up an : Etial stockmarket to attract more investment and manipulation of share prices, senior bankers officials have said.

Test said a 40 per cent leap over and months in the National Bank 4 bu Dhabi (NBAD) stock which tracks the existingone traced stock market. tots improving UAE econothis prospects but is also due to a pris to manipulate prices.

asically we want this market the jularities," said central bank niviser Osama Al Maliki. enior NBAD Manager Ziad Director described a favourite

:: : nique of share manipulators: ey advertise without any inin ion of buying. They just your to influence the market to The prices up and sell their own

thare dealers, including some all brokers, were looking for :: ats "not based on sound ecoic grounds." he said.

te NBAD index, which be-March I with a base of 1,000. init 1,397.06 Thursday. The - ex tracks share price moves of ... local banks and other com-

Covernments of the six Gulf Corperation Council (GCC)

THERAI (R) — A bribery scandal

manding tran's heavy industry.

ister has highlighted a surge

corruption sparked by strait-

tet government regulations,

many factory managers are turn-

: to the black market to get

....ch-needed foreign exchange, a

ited commodity in an economy

ttered by eight years of war

The government is (forcing)

in Iraq, the economists said.

- nagers to earn the foreign ex-

nge they need... through ex-

"But iran's industrial develop-

nt needs more foreign ex-

inge that it can earn" just by

Heavy Industry Minister

ed an attempt to impeach him

parliament over his alleged

ement in corruption at a fac-

Tahzad Nabayi last week sur-

... that makes Renault cars.

Dut political sources said the

onaging director of the Saipa

ctory. Dourak Mansour, was

. ntenced to eight years in prison

d 70 lashes over the multi-

ling abroad, he said.

....comists say...

states have seen their oil revenues dwindle with the world oil price

collapse of the 1980s. Repatriation of even a small amount of the estimated \$300 billion in overseas GCC funds would go a long way to support-ing traditionally state-led invest-

ment, bankers said. Oman and Bahrain opened stockmarket floors this year, and Qatar is considering one. Kuwait's market has been estab-

lished for almost eight years. Saudi Arabia briefly opened a floor in 1987 but closed it after what bankers said were objections from religious leaders. Islam sees shares as a form of usury, which it

The UAE has been considering a floor since 1985 but officials said disparities in the laws of the seven emirates which make up the UAE federation have slowed

The Abu Dhabi-hased Arab Monetary Fund (AMF) is preparing a study on a new market, an AMF official said.

In December the GCC agreed in principle that any GCC citizen diversifying sources of income.

ram's straitjacket economic

million dollar scam.

official rate.

with technocrats.

rollicies encourage corruption

The government has largely

suppressed the private sector

since the 1979 Islamic revolution

and radical legislators regard

manay ordinary management policies as un-Islamic.

The economy bas become so

The economists said President

Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani,

elected last month, is determined

to revive the economy with

more market-oriented policies.

debate cabinet changes that

would replace Islamic hardliners

Nabavi, for years a key figure

Western economists estimate

in imposing government control

over the economy, has been

that Iran's export earnings, about

90 per cent of them from oil sales.

have been running at up to \$15

billion a year - not enough to

rebuild the country's industrial

base and at the same time import

dropped from the line-up.

Only Sunday legislators will

distorted that black market deal-

ers buy the dollar for 20 times the

Solidarity seeks debt relief, lower inflation and would be able to deal in shares on budget cuts other GCC bourses but this has

yet be ratified in the UAE.

gas to maintain reserves.

Saving oil, gas reserves

In another area, the planning

The official WAM news agency

quoted the ministry's annual re-

port as saying oil and gas were the

best investment for the country's

future and that reserves should be

made to last as long as possible.

A Reuter survey shows that

UAE oil output has risen since

last year and that last month it

produced 1.8 million barrels per

day (b/d), compared with its OPEC-assigned sales quota of

The UAE, whose main export

is oil, has argued that its quota

should be raised because of the

size of its reserves, estimated

officially at about 100 billion bar-

rels. They would last more than

100 years at the current produc-

Oil Minister Mana Said Al

Oteiba said early this year the

UAE should exploit its oil re-

serves before an alternative world

The planning ministry said production should be linked to de-

velopment requirements and to

The country's foreign currency reserves at the end of this year

will be only about \$6 billion

excluding gold reserves, the eco-

As a result, the government is

reluctant to part with foreign

exchange to invest in anything

but the essential energy industry.

Other industries must fend for

"Look around (Gulf countries)

and you will see everything from

Iranian washing powder to bis-cuits for sale," said an Iranian

"Iran's factories all want to

export. That is why there are no

consumer goods in Iran," the

Traders in Dubai, a Gulf emi-

rate that does heavy trade with

Iran, said Saipa managers had

notionally sold Renault 1,000 CC

They were resold there to people

willing to pay a hefty premium to jump the official waiting-list. The

scam may have been worth \$360

lines and its private counterparts

Ansett and East-West Airlines,

are using the weekend break to

work with lawyers to catch up on

paperwork after a week which

has seen more writs flying in

ing for the three airlines, said in a

telephone interview from Mel-bourne: "Airline staff and

lawyers are dotting the I's and

crossing the Ts on writs issued

last week and preparing for the ones to be issued next week.

Young confirmed there had

been no immediate response to

the newspaper advertisements

but noted applications would have to be made in writing and

none was expected for a few days

The airlines are taking action

against both individual pilots and

the Australian Federation of Air-

line Pilots in an effort to recover damages for lost revenue - up to

five milion dollars (\$4 million) a

day for Australian and Ansett and at least one million dollars

The airlines also face long-

service and pension payments of

between 500,000 and one million

dollars (\$375,000 and \$750,000)

to each pilot, money the pilots need to help them through

(\$750,000) by East-West.

at least.

Peter Young of Ansett, speak-

Australia than aircraft.

But the cars never left Iran.

Iranian economist said.

saloons to buyers there.

millon, the traders said.

themselves.

energy source emerged.

1.041 million b/d.

tion rate.

WARSAW (R) — Solidarity's leading economic expert says the new government of Prime Minisministry said that the UAE ter Tadeusz Mazowiecki must cut should cut its output of oil and inflation, seek new credits, make budget cuts, abolish subsidies and close unprofitable factories.

Professor Witold Trzeciakows ki also says Mazowiecki should ask the West and the Soviet Union to reschedule Poland's debts. Poland owes \$39 billion to Western banks and governments and 6.5 billion roubles (\$10 biltion) to Moscow.

Mazowiecki told reporters he might call a referendum to ask Poles if they were ready for austerity measures to end problems such as inflation, now soaring towards 200 per cent, budget deficits and industrial uncompeti-

"I am considering that mea sure. But I don't know yet if it would be right. People might speak out but they might be so dispirited that they wouldn't bother. Experts will have to be consulted," Mazowiecki said.

Trzeciakowski, an expert at Poland's Academy of Sciences who advises Solidarity, outlined proposals for Mazowiecki's government in an interview with the union's newspaper Gazeta

"The most dangerous of the present negative phenomena is hyper-inflation," he said. "We must proceed with serious budget cuts, abolish subsidies and liquidate unprofitable enter-

Solidarity officials acknowledge there are big question marks over whether Poles will accept more sacrifices after food price rises this month which hit 500 per cent in some areas.

They also fear resistance to planned reforms - such as the transfer of industries to the private sector — from communist bureaucrats with a vested interest in centralisation.

Solidarity plans to challenge the long-standing communist practice of giving influential jobs in factories and the state economic apparatus to politically trustworthy people.
"I back the idea of promotions

in the workplace according to competence. But in the first hours, please don't make things difficult for me by creating an atmosphere of threats and tensions which could obstruct my task," Mazowiecki said.

debts, but added: "Efforts should be made in international relations so that debts do not become something strangling the econo-nic development of debtor coun-

Trzeciakowski said the new government should ask the Paris Club of Western nations, to which Poland owes about \$25 billion, for a rescheduling of debts over a 25-year period. He said Poland should also

reach a deal legalising the fact that it has been unable in recent years to pay annual debt interest of between \$2 and \$3 billion. We have to negotiate a rescheduling of our repayments of debts to the Soviet Union, which

total 6.5 billion roubles," he said,

without specifying the terms Po-land should seek. He urged a three-year aid prog-ramme from the International Monetary Fund (IMF) amounting to \$600 to \$700 million each year. Mazowiecki said he hoped to present proposals to the IMF next

month, but did not go into de-Trzeciakowski said the World Bank should give Poland annual credits of between \$500 million and \$1 billion for three years to

He also suggested Poland's

debt could be reduced to its real

market value. \$1 of Polish debt

Jordan Times

Tel. 667171-6

promote exports.

was actually worth no more than 38 cents on credit markets, he

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ECONOMIC NEWS BRIEFS

Japan arrests 2,700 illegal workers

TOKYO (AP) - Japan arrested more than 2,700 foreigners, mostly Bangladeshis and Pakistanis, between May 29 and June 17 for working or staying in Japan illegally, the justice ministry has said. Police and immigration authorities arrested 2,705 foreigners in Tokyo, Osaka and Nagoya during a campaign to "expose illegal foreign workers," said a ministry official, speaking on condition of anonymity. He said 308 other foreigners surrendered voluntariby to police during the campaign. The official said Japan has deported 3,013 foreigners, including 749 Bangladeshis, 664 Pakistanis, 422 South Koreans, 360 Filipinos, 177 Malaysians, 113 Thais, 77 Chinese, including Taiwanese, 66 Indians, 17 Ghanians and 14 Nigerians. He said 57 per cent of 2,174 males arrested while working in the major cities during the campaign were factory workers, and 32.7 per cent construction workers. The remaining worked in such jobs as dishwashers and packing workers, the official said. In a similar campaign in Tokyo last year, Japan deported 1,870 foreigners for violating immigration laws, the official said.

Egypt qualifies privatisation

ALEXANDRIA (R) - President Hosni Mubarak appears to have ruled out any major self-off of the public sector and said Egypt would not allow key projects to fall into foreign hands. Mubarak said projects that were strategic must stay publicly owned. Profitable businesses should also be kept and loss-making ones would be hard to self. "Strategic projects cannot be given to the private sector because it cannot afford to buy them and we cannot accept foreign domination again in Egypt," a spokesman for Mubarak quoted his as saying. Egypt has said it wants to boost private sector enterprise in its struggling economy but seems unwilling to make real cuts in its big public sector. "There is a problem in selling loss-making companies. Nobody will buy them and if we do sell it will be with great losses," Mubarak was reported as saying. He said 79 companies out of a total 393 public sector companies were loss-making. "It is not logical to sell companies which are making profits," the spokesman quoted him

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Campbell Soup to restructure

CAMDEN, New Jersey (AP) Campbell Soup Co., which began making soup here 120 years ago, will close its original plant, three U.S. factories and five overseas for a loss of nearly 2,800 jobs. Campbell said it would keep its headquarters in this poor southern New Jersey City on the Delaware River, but would move production at the 940-employee plant to Canneries in Napoleon, Ohio; Paris, Texas and Maxton, North Carolina. The headquar

ters employs about 1,700 people. The company said that as part of a worldwide restructuring it also plans to close a 272-employee plant in Pocomoke City, Maryland; a plant employing 246 people in Cristield, Maryland, and an 84-employee plant in

Smyrna, Tennessee. The five overseas plants to be closed employ 1,200 people, but were not identified. Campbell said it would close the Camden plant by next July, but did not have a timetable for any of the other closings.

"We feel that this will make Campbell more efficient," said a spokeswoman. She said the U.S. plants being closed were older. and "just aren't as efficient as they should be."

'It would cost over \$1 billion to bring the Camden plant alone up to date," she noted.

Plants in Chicago, Memphis, Michigan; Doylestown and Pottstown, Pennsylvania already bave closed, and Campbell has sold its fresh-produce subsidiary and ingredient plants in other areas. The company has about 100

plants around the world, 60 of them in the United States. Campbell sells about five bilfion cans of soup a year, gamering about 65 per cent of the \$2.2 billion retail soup market, a drop

five years. Although Campbell is closing the plant where it got its start in 1869, it plans to start building a new \$35 million headquarters on the waterfront across the Delaware river from Philadelphia.

of about five per cent in the r

An analyst said the announcement constituted a statement by Campbell management that "we're going to be lean and

AMMAN EXCHANGE Saturday, August 26, 1989 Central Bank official rates

	Bay	Sell
U.S. dollar	600.4	606.4
Pound Sterling	940.9	950.3
Deutschemark	306.2	309.3
Swise franc	355.0	358.6
French franc	91.0	91,9
Japanese yen (for 100)	417.0	421.2
Dutch guilder	271.5	274.2
Swedish crown	90.7	91.6
Italian lira (for 100)	42.7	43.1
Belgian franc (for 10)	146.3	147.5

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Weekly Amman Financial Market trading

AMMAN (J.T.) — The following table summarises trading activities at the Amman Financial Market starting Saturday Aug. 19, 89 and ending Wednesday Aug. 23, 89. (Figures in Jordanian dinars).

	- .		
Banking and financial instit	tations	\$	
Industrial Development Bank	163909	269811	1.680 1.640
Jordan Islamic Bank Jordan Kuwait Bank	1000 9575	2334 13048	2.410 2.300 1.390 1.360
Housing Bank	200	356	1.780 1.780
Arab Jordan Investment Bank Cairo Amman Bank	11930	27454	2.300 2.300
Bank of Jordan	930	13559	14.910 14.500
Arab Bank	10070 10648 -	2004907 26962	184.090 197.000 2.520 2.530
Jordan National Bank	10048	20902	2320 2330
Jordan Investment and Finance Corporation		_	

Real Estate Financing Corporation Beit Al Mal Saving & Investment for Housing

National Portfolio Securities

Arab Finance Corporation (Jordan)

Jordan Securities Corporation

Finance and Credit Corporation ...

Insurance and reinsurance					
Middle East Insurance		_		_	
Jordan French Insurance	46492	134580	2.920.	2.850	
REFCO Life Insurance		_	_		•
Jordan Insurance	14651	42164	2.880	2.900	
Arab Life and Accident Insurance	33950	36975	1.100	1.080	
Yarmouk Insurance and Reinsurance	1000	1400	1,350	1.400	
Holy Land Insurance Philadelphia Insurance	30450	. 45911	1,430	1.600	
Arab Union International Insurance	30430	.40914	1,4,50	4.000	
Jerusalem Insurance	13225	18054	1,270	1.540	•
Jordan-Gulf Insurance	16270	16332		1.100	
General Arabia Insurance					

insurance and reinsurance					: .
					1 000
Middle East Insurance Jordan French Insurance	46492	134580	2.920	2.850	1.000 1.000
REFCO Life Insurance	40492	13-1360	2.320	2.650	1.000
Jordan Insurance	14651	42164	2.880	2,900	1.000
Arab Life and Accident Insurance	33950	36975	1.100	1.080	1.000
Yarmouk Insurance and Reinsurance	1000	1400	1,350	1.400	1.000
Holy Land Insurance	30450	. 45912	1,430	1.600	1.000 1.000
Philadelphia Insurance	30430	.45914	1,430	1.000	1.000
Jerusalem Insurance	13225	18054	1.270	1.540	1.000
Jordan-Gulf Insurance	16270	16332	0.950	1.100	1.000
General Arabia Insurance		.—	···• —. ··	_	1.000
National Ahliya Insurance	4500	4500	1.000	1.000	1.000 1.000
Arab Belgian Insurance and Reinsurance	4300	~500	1.000	- 1.000	1.000
	٠.	•		•	
Services and industries	•	••			
General Investments	500	625	1.250	1.250	. 1.000
Inma for Investment and Financial Facilities		-	6 500		1.000
Darco for Housing and Investment	793393 50959	702312 32627	0.740	0.950	1.000
Real Estate Investment (Agarco)	348786	126560	0.330	0.630 0.370	1.000
Jordan Leasing Corporation	. 340700	120300	0.550	0.570	1.000
Petra Enterprises and Leasing Equipments	42861	6446	0.650	0.650	1,000
Equipment Leasing & Maintenance/Ta'jeerco		8453	0.840	0.830	1.000
International Contracting & Investment	_	_	_	_	1.000
Jordanian Electric Power	23000	33823	1.470	1.470	1.000
Irbid District Electricity	250115	343662	1.250	1.420	1.000
Hotels and Tourism	230113	343002	٧٠٠٠٠	1.420	1.000 1.000
United Middle East and Commodore Hotels	500	250	0:480	0.500	1.000
Garage Owners Federation Office	_		·	<u> </u>	1.000
Jordan National Shipping Lines	21350-	28298	1.310	1.330	1.000
Jordan Press Foundation Jordan Press and Publishing	10000	29000	2.900	2.900	1.000
Dar Al Shaab Press, Printing and Publishing		=	. =	=	1.000 1.000
Jordan Dairy	27292	31361	1.140	1.090	1.000
Arab Pharmaceutical Manufacturing	34714	159435	4.500	4,500	1,000
Intermediate Petrochemical Industries	157083	373552	2-270	2.390	1.000
Jordan Phosphate Mines	3245	14904	4.400	4.600	1.000
Industrial, Commercial and Agricultural (Intaj)	3249	5480	1.700	1.680	1.000
Arab Chemical Detergent Industries			_	_	1.000 1.000
Jordan Sweets and Chocolate Manufacturing			· · · · · ·	· <u>—</u>	1.000
Aladdin Industries	4000	19265	. 2.580	2.550	1.000
Arab Aluminium Manufacturing	75444	163672	2.060	2.120	1.000
Jordan Worsted Mills Jordan Ceramics	400	1992	4.850	4.980	1.000
Chemical Industries	10450 8775	25686 22011	2,500 2,420	2.450 2.500	1.000
Jordan Industries and Match (JIMCO)	79190	105724	1.230	1.300	1.000
Dar Al Dawa' for Development and Investment	8754	28690	3.200	3.150	1.000
National Steel Industries	63370	171783	2.620	2.600	1.000
Universal Chemical Industries	6250	19763	3.120	3.120	. 5.000
General Mining Jordan Petroleum Refinery	9290	66436	7.000	~ ~~~	1.000
Jordan Lime & Brick	8389 64100	8679	.7.900 0.120	7.950 0.140	1.000 1.000
National Industries	-	. 0079	0.120	0.140	1.000
Arab Paper Converting and Trading	10850	4616	0.450	0.430	1.000
Arab Investment and International Trade	179253	97319	0.510	0.590	1.000
Jordan Wooden Industries (JWICO)	21100	62698	2.840	2.930	1.000
Livestock and Poultry Jordan Pipes Manufacturing	5950	14255	2.480	2 400	1.000
Rafia Industrial for Plastic Bags	3930	14233	2-400	2.400	1.000
Jordan Paper and Cardboard	4283	21934	4.850	5.360	1.000
Jordan Rockwool Industries	177735	228059	1.280	1.290	1.000
Trans-Jordan Minerals Research Jordan Himeh Mineral		_	-	· }	1.000
Orient Dry Batteries Factory	·	_	: 	· —	1.000
Woolen Industries			·		1.000 1.000
Jordan Tanning	-	<u></u>	٠ ٠	· <u>-</u> -	5.000
Jordan Printing and Packaging		<u></u> .			1.000
Jordan Tobacco and Cigarette	1500	28125	19.250	18.750	1.000
Arab Center for Pharmaceuticals & Chemicals	388450	862150	1.890	2.250	1.000
National Cable & Wire Manufacturing	46480	127769	2.660	2.700	1.000
Jordan Spinning & Weaving	505230	919402	1.680	1.820	1.000
Jordan Sulpho Chemicals	. 97600 .	.198945	2.020	2.000	1 000

4,238,166....

Australian Airlines, pilots prepare for next moves State-owned Australian Air-

scarce consumer goods.

hes, their domestic services montains by a two-week-old of our compute, were searching r new pilots Saturday as both to in the bitter wage row spent. it weakend planning their next.

A spokesman for all three airtres said Saturday events had moved so fast that everyone was ising the weekend to take a treak from hostilities and catch in on paperwork.

All 1,600 pilots resigned en masse Thursday to avoid being picked off one-by-one with legal action and dismissal over their 30

of Airline Pilots spokesman said Saturday that none of its members had responded to the offer and that they were preparing for a long campaign.

per cent pay claim, and the airlines advertised for new pilots Saturday in major Australian newspapers. But an Australian Federation

english tracher wanted

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Jordan Precast Concrete Industry

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SPORTS IN BRIEF

ITALIAN FANS ARE FED UP WITH MARADONA: A survey released Friday indicted that most Italian soccer fans are fed up with Argentine star Diego Armando Maradona, who has repeatedly postponed his return to the Naples club. In the survey, made public by an Italian private television network, 70 per cent of those interviewed said Maradona's behaviour was "absort 45 of those interviewed said Maradona's behaviour was "absolutely intolerable" while the other 30 per cent were perplexed. About 45 per cent suggested bis immediate transfer to another club, possibly abroad, while 48.9 per cent said they would not ransfer Maradona despite his caprices. Maradona, who claims he has been threatened by the line appriced course is corrected to been threatened by Italian organised crime groups, is expected to fly from Argentina to Rome Sunday. (AP)

SPANISH KING WINS WORLD CUP YACHTING RACE: King Juan Carlos of Spain commanded the Bribon to victory in a short offshore race in the fourth stage of the three-quarter-ton World Yachting Championship Priday in Athens. Greece's George Errsos, who won the title last year in Elba, skippered Okyalos V into second place, 4 minutes, 50 seconds behind the Bribon, after having won all three previous stages in the championships The 60-nautical mile race in the Saronic Guif off Athens was completed in clear weather but with moderate to Athens was completed in clear weather but with moderate to strong northerly winds reaching up to 30 knots at some points. The Bribon crossed the finish line in 8 hours, 5 minutes, 45 seconds. King Juan Carlos arrived in Athens on Wednesday and took over the Bribon from Jose Luis Doreste, Olympic gold medalist in the Finn international class in South Korea last year. The King skippered the vessel into third place in an Olympic-type race Thursday (AP)

278 HORSES DEAD IN SPANISH PLAGUE: About 270 horses have died or been destroyed in a three-week-old outbreak of African horse plague in Southern Spain, regional authorities said in Barcelona Friday. The third outbreak of the highlyinfectious disease in Spain in two years has so far been limited to the south. But it has cast doubt on the Olympic Equestrian events due to be held in 1992 in Barcelona and led to a conflict of jurisdiction between the regional government and Madrid. International Olympic Committee (IOC) president Juan Antonio Samaranch said Tuesday the equestrian events would be switched to an alternative venue outside Spain unless the outbreak was brought under control by October next year. Catalan agriculture minister Josep Miro told Renters their would be no arguments against holding the equestrian events in Barcelona if the regional government were allowed to declare the region free of the disease. "The key lies in Madrid," he said. He added the central government may not allow Catalonia to make such a declaration. Catalonia has restricted the entry of horses and donkeys to just two strictly-controlled main roads to stem the spread of the killer disease. (R)

GOREN BRIDGE -

BY CHARLES GOREN

A MASTER OF TECHNIQUE

Both vulnerable. North deals, NORTH + KQ9 · 10 9 8 3 WEST 4 5 4 2 ♥ 10 8 6 ऐ Q 10 4 2 **★** A 7 7 Q 7 2 3 3 9 7 3 +AQ7 **◆** J 6 5 4 SOUTH + J 10 E 6 3 A 95 A 85 A 82 The bidding:

South West Pass Pass Pass Pass Pess Opening lead: Two of & The most durable players seem to at pard play never seems to desert them. Among the foremost in this

berth. Pa, who has been among the county's great players for some 40 years. Watch him in action in a major team match.

country is Norman Kay of Nar-

The auction was toutine. Once North could open the bidding and

then raise spades, there was no way that Kay was going to stay out of. game.

Counting a diamond ruff, declarer had nine tricks. The t0th could come from either the heart suit or else finding the ace of clubs with

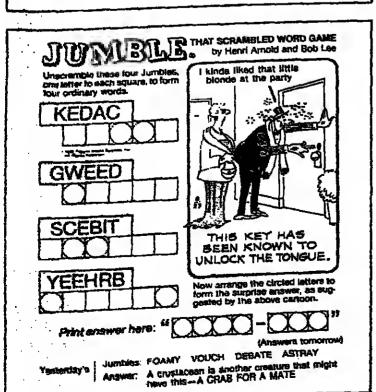
Declarer won the opening lead in dummy and led the king of spades. East won the ace and, since a club shift did not look at all appetizing with the t0-9 on the board, exited safely with a diamond, After winning the ace, declarer ruffed a dismond on the table and cashed the queen of trumps.

Next came the key play-a heart to the nine! If East had the ten, that would force the queen and declarer would have his game-going trick. And if it lost to the ten, East, the danger hand, would not be on lead to fire a club through the king.

West could do no better than exit with his trump. Declarer won and cashed the acc and king of hearts. When the queen dropped, he had his fulfilling trick. But had the lady not fallen, he would still have been able to lead toward the king of clubs. landing the contract if East held the

By Harris THE BETTER HALF. HARRIS 11-2

You need to get away for a romantic weekend! Your cold heart is giving your lungs frostbite!"



E. Germany promoted to compete in World Cup

Bagach banned, S. Union eliminated

DUISBERG, West Germany (R) — The Soviet Union's men's team have been eliminated from next month's athletics World Cup after shot putter Alexander Bagach failed a dope test at the European Cup earlier this month.

Berger takes pole spot

Aouita misses mile

record in final lap

BRUSSELS (R) - Said Aonita's the third lap hut Aonita, world

schedule.

field.

PORECAST FOR SUNDAY, AUGUST 27, 1989

by Thomas Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Institute

In a statement released at the World Student Games in Duisberg, the International Amateur Athletic Federation (IAAF) said Bagach, who was third in the European Cup in Gateshead, England, on August 5-6, had tested positive for the male bormone

As a result, the Soviet Union forfeit the six points gained by Bagach in the European Cup and drop to third place behind win-ners Britain and Est Germany in hte overall standings.

East Germany had originally

finished third, four points behind the Soviet Union. The two top European nations automatically qualify for the World Cup in Barcelona from September 8-10.

"The Soviets told us they have very big problem with the control of doping and fighting against it," IAAF general secretary John Holt said.

this case. Bagach, 22, finished second in the 1986 world junior cham-

"They are really shocked about

pionships and ninth in the 1987

SPA-FRANCORCHAMPS (R)

Friday as he took provisional pole position for the Belgian

Grand Prix motor race in

Berger, driving with a bold-

ness not to be expected from

the survivor of an horrific acci-

dent only four mouths ago, dominated the rain-hit open-

ing qualifying session in his

Having recorded an early

quickest time after only 12 mi-

nutes of the interrupted ses-

sion, he was forced to lift his

bid for the world mile record

collapsed in a strength-sapping

final lap at a rain-swept Brussels

Grand Prix athletics meeting

The usually free-following

Moroccan passed the bell more

than two seconds inside schedule

to break Briton Steven Cram's

four-year-old mark of three mi-

But he could not sustain the

pace running alone over the final

lap and crossed the line in 3:50.09

second fastest in the world

Brazilian Robson Da Silva de-

fied the teeming rain to clock the

fastest 200 metres time of the

year of 19.96 and crush former

Olympic champion Carl Lewis in

Da Silva, unbeaten over the

distance this year, led from the gun to leave Lewis in the pack

and win by nearly five metres to

become the first man this year to

break the 20-second harrier.

Lewis faded to fifth place.

Aouita, who holds world re-

cords in five events including the

1,500 and 5,000 metres, had

asked to be towed to a quick time at the bell fearing his final lap speed might not be good enough.

American Ray Brown ran a

magnificent first 800 metres of

1:52.02 to leave Aouita and Ke-

nyan Joseph Chesire 1.80 seconds ahead of schedule.

Chesire picked up the pace on

GENERAL TENDENCIES: The

neated amotional climate of yesterday will cool down. An eagerness for personal freedom can be chan-neled into favorite partimes and leisure projects. Avoid impulsive

ARIES (Mer. 21 to Apr. 19) Ar-

ARIES (Mer. 21 to Apr. 18) Accept the fact that adjustments are part of living. Don't spend away your future trying to imprees assessed in the second trying to imprees assessed to keep to May 20) You can be quite dramatic when you want your own way. Try to remain optimistic about everything. Connects with others.

Cooperate with others.
GEMINI (May 21 to June 21)
Evaluate a close relationship if

bysaults a confination between love and friendship. Impulsive behavior can encourage accidents.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to

Jul 21) Dou't be too generous try-ing to control young people who

ing to control young people who bave expensive ideas. Peaceful co-

save expensive needs. Feacein Carexistence will prevail!

LEO (Jul. 22 to Ang. 21) Clever and bright ideas can lead to success. If you settle for less, you get less. Show your ability to accept teasurementabilities.

responsibility. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) The

travel bug may have you out and

nutes 46.32 seconds.

Friday.

this year.

the process.

produced an awasome den stration of his bravery and skill

treacherously wet conditio

- Austrian Gerhard Berger

Rome world championships. Despite a disappointing season last year, he was regarded as one of the most promising of the younger Soviet shot putters.

LAAF president Primo Nebiolo said the federation had followed the rules strictly from the time the testosterone, which is used to promote muscle growth for strength events, was discovered in a urine sample.

"I am satisfied with the procedure," Nebiolo said, "But I can't be happy about another case of

The European Athletic Association promoted Alessandro Andrei of Italy to third place in the shot putt in Gateshead and amended the final positions to read Britain 115 points, East Germany 103, Soviet Union 101.

Five changes are necessary in the European team for the World Cup because of East Germany's promotion.

Ulf Timmermann, discus thrower Juergen Schult, sprinter Sven Matthes and 400 metres runners

performance again when Brazi-lian world champion Ayrton

Senna briefly usurped his place

Berger responded im-

mediately by clocking a best time of two minutes 11.102

seconds, leaving Senna's

McLaren to share the pro-

visional front row with him

Senna finished with a best

time of 2:11.171 at the end of a

ession cut in two by a 15-

minute interruption caused by

the removal of Michele

Albereto's Lois from a sand-

and former Olympic champion

over 5,000 metres, was already

When Chesire withdrew at the

bell, the gifted 29-year-old, who

captured the 3,000 metres world

mark in Cologne last week, was left alone 2.27 seconds inside the

But, while his heart was will-

Aouita said he had not ex-

You can't break them all season

pected to break the world record.

long," he said.
"I gave the maximum but it

was not possible. The legs did not

respood and the track was very

"The second lap was a bit fast.

I had to run io the second lane

because the track was so water-

Da Silva's fluency and power were too much for the 200 metres

The 24-year-old from Rio De Janiero had the race won entering the straight, such was his sup-

remacy round the bend, and

Lewis visibly gave up the struggle 30 metres from the finish.

Frenchman Daniel Sangouma

was second in 20.42 and Amer-

ican Floyd Heard third in 20.44.

won a battle to the line with Nixoo Kiprotich to claim the 800

about. Be realistic in determining

your priorities. Don't exaggerate
your feelings.
LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Communication is one of your assets.
Today you may be better off not

dealing with opposing visws. Tend to responsibilities before playtims. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21)

Someone's willingness to make adjustments may be an empty gesture. Keeping a cheerful attitude can brighten your evening. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec.

21) There is a tendency to exag-gerate a situation. Surround yourself with friends and family. It

is a good time to relax. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20)

Get your ideas emoss without being pushy. There are many distractions until the later day. Prepare for a busy week ahead.

AQUARIUS Gan. 21 to Feb. 19

Personal and romantic problems arise. Think before you act. Avoid moves that can backlire. Try to strike a balance.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20)

Exercise greater self-discipline when working on creative projects. A partner has strong opinions on what you should do with your time.

metres in 1:43.72.

Olympic champion Paul Ereng

ing, his tired legs could not sus-tain the assault on the record

showing signs of fatigue.

from second position.

at the top of the timings.

Thomas Schoenlebe, the world champion, and Jens Carlowitz

will now have to be replaced. The European Athletic Association said Swiss world champion Werner Guenthor would replace Timmermann and West German Rolf Danneberg would

take over from Schult. Soviet sorinter Vladimir Krylov takes over from East German Sven Matthes in the 4x100 metres

Gullit

to miss

start of

Italian

season

MILAN, Italy (R) - Dutch soc-

cer captain Ruud Gullit will miss

the start of the Italian League

season with European champions

AC Milan Sunday because of a

knee injury that has plagued him

The club said Gullit was baving

medical tests Friday to determine

how to respond to swelling oo the

right knee hut said he had no

chance of playing either Sunday or in an Italian cup second round fixture oext Wednesday.

"What happens beyond that

will depend on the result of to-

day's tests but it's impossible for

him to play Sunday or Wedoes-

day," senior team official Silvano

Milan's other Dutch stars Mar-

co Van Basteo and Frank Ri-

kaard both have tendinits prob-

lems but Ramaccione said they

could play in Sunday's match

fitness tests on Saturday.

against Cesena if they passed

Gullit had surgery to remove

damaged cartilage from his right

knee in April and again in July to

reduce swelling but Ramaccione

said fluid on the joint had caused

Gullit was fit enough to play

and score twice in Milan's 4-0 win

in the European Cup final against

Steaua Bucharest on May 24 hut

he had to miss the final month.

Ramaccione said.

seince April.

Soviets ban Bagach for two years

MOSCOW (R) - Shot putter Alexander Bagach has been disqualified from competition for two years by the Soviet light Athletics Federation after failing a dope test in this month's European Cup, the federation pres-

At a session Friday, attended by Bagach's personal trainer 1. Palamarchuk, the presidium decided unanimously on the ban, according to a statement pub-

lished in the daily Sovietsky The Soviet Federation expresses its great concern in connection with the conduct of

Bagach, who inflicted great dam-

age no the presoge of Sovie: athletics," the presidium saio. It said Bagach, seen as one of the most promising of the young Soviet shot putters, had been stripped of his prestigious title of "Master of Sports, international

Information in connection with the case would be forwarded to the LAAF and the European Athletic Association.

De Merode: 50 athletes used drugs at Seoul

NEW YORK (AP) — More than 50 male athletes who competed in the 1988 Seoul Olympics were found to have used anabolic steroids although they tested negative during the games and were not slifted, the New York Times reported Saturday.

The Times quoted Prince Alexandre De Merode, chairman of the International Olympic Committee's medical commission, as saying that a more sophisticated examination of 1,100 urine samples taken in Seoul turned up the steroids several months after the games. The tests represent the first factual evidence that athletes have used drugs and stopped in time to avoid testing positive.

"We are unable to detect the name of the drug that have been used," De Merode said Friday as 10C officials gathered in San Juan, Puerto Rico, for their annual meeting. 'But we believe with this system we are able to prove that athletes have taken anabolic

The identities of those who tested positive are not known because the documents matching the control numbers of urine samples and In Scoul, where all medalists and others picked at random were tested, only 10 athletes tested positive for illegal substances including Canadian sprinter Ben Johnson, who was stripped of the gold medal after winning the 100-metre dash.

The test that produced the new results was conducted at the University of Colored in West Commun. W. Monford Positive in West Commun.

University of Cologne in West Germany by Dr. Manfred Donike, a member of the medical commission.

The test measures the effect steroids have on certain hormones in the male body. Scientists have established that hormone levels suppressed beyond certain measures are unequivocal proof that steroids have been used, even if no trace of the drugs uppears at the time of the initial test.

There is no such test for women. De Merode termed the test "only scientific research, nothing more," but said it could lead to disqualification after more

We still need new research," he said. "We are continuing our studies of this test. It's still too early to use it now, but we may use it at the next Olymics.'

Olympic shot put champion the athletes' names were destroyed after the games, as is cus-

Lewis: exposing professional amateurs and coming cleam

BRUSSELS, Belgium (AP) -Carl Lewis has said a lot of outspoken things about track and

Now, the sport's most charismatic performer is putting them down for posterity. The six-time Olympic cham-

pion is in the middle of writing a book which, be says, will blow the lid off "many of the myths" in the competitive world of sprinting.

"There's been a lot to write about, a lot to get down," Lewis said. "The book is not intended as a mud-slinging exercise but there will some sensational revelations, very sensational." Due to be published next year.

the book bas a working title of "The Professional Amateur," a theme especially dear to Lewis'

"It's time we stopped confusing the public that track and field is amateur," Lewis said at a . news conference in Brussels, where he was competing Friday at the Ivo Van Damme memorial meeting. 'It's professional, it's opeo, and many people, including myself, are doing very nicely out of it. We should be realistic and honest, not try to deceive."

The 28-year-old American said the system of trust funds for athletes was oo looger workable and should he scrapped immediately.

"What is it?" Lewis asked. 'Not everyone is using it, and it should go. There are a lot of myths about professional and amateur.

Lewis said the book was intended to inspire young people in all walks of life, not just potential

high school. Hopefully, the book can inspire kids who don't think they can make it." Although Lewis bas spent much of the year working on the book, his training routines bave been as rigorous as ever and his

"I wasn't a great athlete for a

ambitions have not diminished. He hopes to be around at least until the 1992 Barcelona Olympic Games and will keep trying to break Bob Beamon's 21-year-old

world long jump record of 8.90 metres, set at the altitude of Mexico City. There is oo doubt in my mind that I can jump farther than that," Lewis said. "All the other

records have gone and many of those were at altitude too. The long jump is the only one left. For six or seveo years I've beeo competing in three or four different eveots. I'm going to conceotrate more on jumping next year." On Wednesday in Kohlenz, West Germany, Lewis anchored the Santa Monica track club to a

world record of 1:19.37 in the 800-metre relay, the highlight of a season in which he has lost only one race. He has two more events after Brussels - the LAAF-Mobil finals in Monaco next week and an appearance in New Delhi oo Sept. 17. Because of a dispute between

his club and the TAC, governing body of track and field in the United States, Lewis will not be going to the World Cup in Barcelona next month. "I went in 1981 and did very

well hut I skipped 1985 and I'm

long time," Lewis said. "I didn't time," he said, "It'll be 2 ge... really become world class until 1 experience for the young. got to college. 1 made athletes. tremendous efforts when I was in With his former rival. But: Johnson, suspended from world

not bothered about not going tass

track in the wake of a positive drugs test at the Seoul Olympics. Lewis says he feels for better about competition. "Now I have more metivation

because I'm competing again. people 1 know are clean." American said. "It's better when you line up on the track to know that it's fair and that anyone car win it because they've works. hard or because of talent, author than because of crues. Lewis says if he still is correct-

ing at the Barcelona Clympic --'physically I feel in greet same emotionally I may need to scale down" - be knows he could face another possible showdown with Johnsoo, By that time, the Canadian, banned for two years by the governing body of world track, should be eligible to compete

"If he's out there I'll treat him like everyooe else," Lewis said. "The most important thing is no: whether I or anyone else runs against him but whether he comes back to the sport clean like every-

Despite his passionate views about drugs and a deep affection for his sport, Lewis said the day he gives up running and jumping will be the day he says good-hye

to track and field. "The way the sport is heing run now, I don't think I could get

involved in administration. Lewis said. "I don't think, with my views, that I could at that

Peanuts

renewed swelling.





Mutt'n' Jeff









Andy Capp











Mazowiecki, Solidarity win first strike battle

WARSAW (R) — Poland's new prime minister, Tedeusz Mazowiecki, won his first battle over industrial unrest Saturday when railwaymen ended a one-day strike and foundry workers proposed a zin-month strike moratorium.

Rail workers in the central city of Lodz heeded an appeal by Solidarity leader Lech Walesa to go back to work and pledged faith Mazowiecki, who Thursday became Poland's first non-communist prime minister in more than 40 years.

l lazowiecki's hopes of winning workers' support for austerity ===2sures to slash soaring inflation and tackle a foreign debt of 339 billion were boosted by foundry workers in the key in-

dustrial city of Katowice. We suggest a six-month strike moratorium to give the new govtive work on saving the Polisb economy and saving Poland," they said in an appeal printed on the front page of the Warsaw newspaper Zycie Warszawy Strikes would plunge Poland deeper into crisis and all industrial disputes for the next six months should be solved by negotiations with management, the foundry workers said. All Poles should unite behind their new prime

minister, they said.

Katowice and the surrounding region in southwest Poland is the country's main industrial area. It produces most of Poland's steel and coal, its main source of

hard currency needed to pay off the crippling foreign deht. Industrial calm in Poland is important to reassure Moscow that Poland will not fall into

anarchy.

Vladimir Kryuchkov, head of the Soviet KGB security service,

flew to Poland and had talks our strike action, giving proof of Saturday with President our support and confidence in the Wojciech Jaruzelski and acting prime minister," the strikers said Interior Minister Czesiaw Kisz-czak, Warsaw Radio said, without giving further details.

The foundry workers' proposal echoed an appeal by Walesa Fri-day for workers to back Mazowiecki, a veteran adviser to the free trade union Solidarity. He said radical reforms were needed and that Poles should not hinder them by striking.

"Poland has a chance after 45 years (of communist rule) and it should not waste it. I appeal to you to support Prime Minister Mazowiecki," Walesa said in a statement from Gdansk, the Baltic City where Solidarity was born from strikes in 1980.

The rail workers in Lodz, Poland's second largest city, heeded the appeal. Polish television said Mazowiecki met strike leaders in Warsaw late Friday, without giving details.

We have resolved to suspend

in a statement to Mazowiecki.

We believe that you represent the interests of the working people as prime minister and that you will undertake immediate decisions on our demands (for more pay and restructuring the work system)," they said.
The Lodz stoppage had

threatened to become the first major strike since Mazowiecki took office, raising the spectre of a revolt against Solidarity by its

own power base — the workers.
Strikes in four coal mines in the
Katowice region ended Thursday. Protests by health and transport workers over huge food price rises imposed Aug. 1 continued in some areas. Mazowiecki, the editor of Soli-

darity's weekly newspaper Tygodnik Solidarnosc, has made economie reforms a top priority. He appealed Friday for aid from the United States.



Pretoria signals further crackdown on protests

Order Minister Adriaan Vlok sig-nalled Saturday that a further crackdown was likely against anti-apartheid unrest ahead of South Africa's racially-segregated

elections next month. Vlok, who is in charge of inter-nal security forces, said there had been more than 1,000 incidents since anti-apartheid groups in July launched a campaign against the Sept. 6 poll, adding the country could not afford a new spiral of violence.

Speaking at a meeting of senior police officers, he said the gov-ernment would talk to those who renounced violence but "not those who hold a gun to our

"In the light of the long-awaited peace process, which is fast gaining momentum, Sonth Africa cannot afford to be subjected to the same spiral of violence that existed before the state of emergency was declared," Vlok said.

The white minority government imposed sweeping emergency laws three years ago to quell a nationwide anti-apar-theid revolt. "It is therefore the duty of the

government to protect lives and property with the powers vested in it. This we will fulfill with responsibility and diligence," Vlok said.

The minister did not say what action the government planned to which has hit the Cape Town area. Two people were killed in the violence Friday.

Asked what action the govern-ment had in mind, Vlok said after his speech: "We are getting evidence. We are looking at the evidence very carefully."

Scores of students and activists

have already been arrested. Official sources said Vlok's speech seemed to set the scene for further moves but declined to say what they would be

In hlack and (mixed-race) coloured townships around Cape Town, police have used shotguns, rubber bullets, teargas and whips to disperse crowds of protesters who have marched with placards, burned barricades and stoned cars and trucks.

On Friday the government banned all protests against a controversial rugby tour by an international team and imposed tight restrictions on a weekend meeting by trade unions. . . . The protests have poisoned the

political atmosphere ahead of the parliamentary elections, in which whites, coloureds and ethnic Indians vote for separate houses of parliament. South Africa's black majority is

excluded from the polls.

The ruling National Party, in power since 1948, faces chal-lenges both from the right, which wants more stringent apartheid race laws, and from the liberal

acting President F.W. de Klerk, are expected to win but with a reduced majority.

Police Saturday arrested 30 demonstrators in Cape Town protesting the rugby tour.
Two separate demonstrations,

held hours before the start of a match in Cape Town, were part of the nationwide anti-apartheid campaign launched Aug. 2. Also Saturday, the country's two largest anti-apartheid labour

federations began a weekend meeting at which they were expected to discuss possible protests against the elections.

Twenty-eight demonstrators were arrested at a hotel after meeting briefly with Willie John McBride, manager of the international squad made up of Australian, French and British players. Two activists also were

arrested when about 30 protesters gathered outside the main Cane Town branch of First National Bank, which is sponsoring the rugby tour.

The International XV squad, whose tour was approved by the International Rugby Board, already has played two matches in South Africa. But Saturday's contest was the first against the South African national squad, the Springboks.

Rugby is the most popular team sport among white South Africans, who believe their squad would be the best in the world if allowed to compete regularly on an international level.

Spinsters face price problem

HONG KONG (R) - A village in China has a strict custom requiring men to pay at least 10,000 yuan (\$2,700) for a woman's hand in marriage. It also has 600 spins-ters. The custom, and the high population of single women, in the village of He Feng is unmatched elsewhere in China, the semi-official China News Service said. For starters, a man looking to marry in the Jamexi province village has to pay the bride's family 2,200 to 2,300 yuan (\$590 to \$615) in cash plus 120 to 130 silver ingots, CNS, monitored in Hong Kong, said Friday.

'Cinderella' robber identified by shoes

BARI, Italy (R) — An Italian robber who held up a chemist's shop and fled without his shoes felt like Cinderella when police found they fit his feet and arrested him. Police said Antonio Schirone lost his clogs in a scuffle with the chemist during Friday's robbery in the southern town of Bari and was caught barefoot near the scene of the crime. "He denied he did it but the clogs were conclusive proof," a police spokesman said.

Global weather

(major world cities)

1		C	Ŧ	C	Ŧ	World
1	AMSTERDAM	80	46	.14	57	Cloud
ı	ATHENS	22	72	35	95	Cloud
١	BAHTAIN,	. 31	88	39	102	Clear
1	BANGKOK	- 25	77	33	91	Clear
ı	BUENOS AFRES	05	41	17	63	Clear
ı	CAIRO	22	72	36	87	Clear
ı	CHICAGO	17	63	25		Clouk
ı	COPENHAGEN	10	50	18.	84	Cloud
.1	FTWNKFURT	14	57	20	66	Pako
1	GENEVA	14	57	22		Cloud
Ì	HONG KONG	28	82	30	86	Plean
1	ISTANBUL	21	70	31		Clou
1	LONDON	14	57	22	72	Cloue
1	LOS ANGELES	18	84	26		Clear
Į	MADRID,	22	72	25	95	Cheek
ł	MECCA	: 29	84	42		Cheer
ì	MONTREAL	. 06	43	19	66	Chous
ď	MOSCOW	M	M	14	м	M.
ì	NEW DELHI	25	77	34	93	Cour
١	NEW YORK	15	50	24	76	City
ı	PARIS	16	61	22		Cloud
ł		- 18	64	32	80	CINE
1	SYDNEY	10	50	.30	68	Clear
1	TOKYQ.	22	72	.25	77	Cloud
ı	WENNA	10	50	22		Cloud
	M Indicates mi	esing	infor	matk	YO.	

Japan's high-ranking woman may give new image to politics

TOKYO (R) - Mayumi Moriyama, appointed Japan's first female chief cabinet secretary to replace a male politician disgraced in a sex scandal, may change the image of Japan's male-dominated politics.

Moriyama, known as "iron woman" because of her strong will, has taken the most prestigious post in Japanese government ever attained by a woman.

She is an expert on internationin affairs, once serving as par-Zamentary vice-foreign minister. Until her appointment on Friday was head of the environmental agency, one of two women Prime Ministers appointed by

She was named to the new post :o succeed Tokuo Yamashita, 69, who resigned following reports,

Kashmir

eader

crush

SRI NAGAR, India (R) - The

anief minister of India's strife-

tern Kashmir vowed Saturday to

crush a secessionist movement in

: se state but said he was ready to

gull back from direct confronta-

ion over press censorship. Farooq Abdullah, speaking a

rew hours after security forces

pesieged Kashmir's largest mos-

que in Sri Nagar to flush out extremists, said the militants

posed a grave threat to the state's

security and its tourist-hased eco-

down or by being complacent,"

he said in an interview. "We must hit them now and hit them hard

and not let the situation drift."

iding rebels fighting for Muslim-

dominated Kashmir's independ-

ence from India or for it to

become part of neighbouring

A upsurge of violence promp-ted Abdullah to pusb a tough

censorship bill through the state

assembly this week against fierce

defy the law, but Abdullah said

he was ready to drop it if journal-

ists wrote a code of conduct to

prevent the militants being de-

victed as heroes or the highlight-

ing of communalist or secessionist

make a code of conduct and they

"If with these three points they

AL WAHA STORES

WELCOMES YOU TO TASTE

Newspaper editors pledged to

apposition from the press.

He accused the state's press of

"We must not take it sitting.

WOWS

-ebels

which he largely confirmed, that geration to say that a politician be had tried to pay a large who is left behind the current of amount of money to end an affair with a part-time bar hostess.

Some opposition leaders said Moriyama was appointed only because as a woman she would belp improve the public image of the government and the ruling Liberal Democratic Party (LDP).

Bnt Takako Doi, the chairwoman of the leading opposition Japan Socialist Party (JSP), was quoted by local media as saying: I know her well. She is a very able person."
The Mainichi newspaper said:

The thought that politics is not for women still lingers among many men." They seem unaware of the changes that are occurring in soci-

ety... and it would be no exag-

Himacha!

Rajastan

will stick to it and they will take

action against those who break

the code, I will withdraw the

Abdullah, a tall figure dressed entirely. white, said he would use the bill if journalists did not

Security forces captured at least two militants in Sri Nagar's

bill," he said.

pistols, he said.

militancy, he said.

respond

Pakistan

change can no longer remain a politician," it said.

Even though Moriyama's appointment may be an LDP ploy to take the focus away from the Yamashita scandal, it does put women even more in the political spotlight, several analysts noted.

As chief cabinet secretary, she will speak for the prime minister and the cabinet. She will also be responsible for coordinating plans and projects involving several ministries and for receiving visitors on behalf of the prime minister when he is unavailable.

Analysts said the post will give her public visibility which may help attract women voters to the LDP when the next general election is held.

Voyager sends thrilling pictures

PASADENA, California (AP) Voyager 2 beaded towards interstellar space Saturday, leaving behind stunning photos of Neptune's moon triton, where pink snow falls on towering ice volcanoes that are unlike anything else in the solar

system.
"The range of geological forms is dazzling," astronomerauthor Carl Sagan said Friday. "We are almost certainly in a regime of volcanism involving ices, maybe exotic ices" such as water ice mixed with frozen nitrogen or methane (natural

Jama Masjid Mosque Friday along with an assault rifle and two The one-tonne space probe capped its historic 7.13-billion-The siege began after Friday prayers when shots were fired at kilometre, 12-year tour of four planets when it skimmed 4,905 security forces patrolling the tense old city which is a hotbed of kilometres over Neptune's north pole Thursday night, then dove past Triton, the planet's Worshippers barricaded them-selves inside the mosque and Abdullah said the militants effeclargest moon. It made its closest approach about 38,460 kilometres above the moon's

rively held the congregation hossurface at 0910 GMT Friday. During its approach to Nep-Four bours later the siege entune, Voyager discovered six moons besides Nereid and Trided after police got the main door open and 157 youths were taken ton, which were first observed off for interrogation. from Earth. It also discovered The two suspected rebels were one complete ring of debris caught buried up to their necks in around the planet and a partial ring, or ring arc, scientists be-lieve will also prove to be a a beap of sand and covered by a

complete ring.

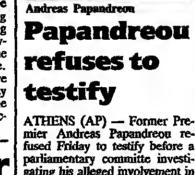
Although Voyager has pas-sed its closest encounters with Thousands of police have been posted to the state in the foothills of the Himalayas since a spate of Neptune and Tiron, it is conshootings and bombings tinuing to send back recorded photographs taken during its closest approach.

The photographs show a cracked, frozen Triton scarred by 300-metre-high ridges, fault lines, howl-shaped craters, mysterious domes and dark spots ringed with white halos that so far defy explanation.

"The images returned this morning revealed a world unlike any we've ever seen,' Voyager project scientist Edward Stone said Friday at the National Aeronautics and Space Administration's (NASA) jet propulsion labora-

Icy volcanic flows have been been on Uranus' moon Ariel and some other moons, but Triton is the first place scientists have actually seen ice volcanoes, Stone said.

NASA geologist Joseph Boyce said one of the ice volcanoes — which look like dry lakebeds filled with smooth material - measures several bundred kilometres across.



parliamentary committe investi-gating his alleged involvement in a major financial scandal that led to his fall from power. Instead, Papandreou sent a note to the committee questioning its legality. He referred members to a memorandum he sub-

of inquiry into the scandal formed when he was premier. Parliament voted in July to authorise the investigation of Papandreou and four of his former ministers in connection with-

embezzlement scandal. Papandreon's Panhellenie Socialist Movement (PASOK) lost the national elections in June amid allegations that he and former ministers had authorised the activities of the bank's owner and Chairman George Koskotas, or had taken hribes from him.

the \$210 million Bank of Crete

A government formed by the conservative New Democracy Party and the Communist-led Coalition of the Left and Progress July 2 vowed to cleanup political

life before holding new elections. A Boston magistrate ruled this week that Koskotas should be extradited to Greece from the United States where he fled last

While fighting extradition Kos-kotas claimed in several interviews that Papandreon had blackmailed him into embezzling the bank for the benefit of his party. Papandreou denies the allega-

In his message Friday, Papan-dreon wrote: "I will not go into the legality of the proposal for an investigation and the procedures of the committee, nor into the interests which they undoubtedly

He attached a memorandum which he sent in February to the members of a committee set up to probe the Bank of Crete scandal. That committee was disbanded prior to the elections before sub-

mitting a report.

Papandreou admitted in the memorandum that he had met three times with Koskotas, at the latter's request, but that he had moved swiftly to order an investigation into the banker's illegal activities when he was informed of them.

Papandreou and his party have claimed since the Koskotas scandal broke last October that the scandal was being exploited by their political enemies. Meanwhile, another par-

liamentary committee investigating widespread wire-taps allegedly carried out during Papandreou's eight years in power, called Friday on Papandreou to testify or to submit a memorandum before the end of the month. Papandreou is also being in-

vestigated in connection with his government's purchase of 80 U.S. and French jetfighters that the present government claims were

THE Sunday Crossword

SETUPS W. Russell Mc Dowell

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East Week's Cryptograms

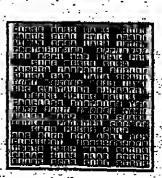
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CRYPTOGRAMS

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